Issue (include date and raised by)	Applicant's Response	Scottish Forestry Comments	Agreed Mitigation	Status (Open, Closed)	Significance of Impact (High, Medium, Low)
Population & Huma				_	
Safety concerns raised regarding Burn Road (Neighbour A: email 23/08/22, email 18/12/22 reference point 2.04 and 2.05.04)	We propose an open ground buffer of at least 10m alongside roads and we will bring the line of tree planting back further to maintain sight lines at junctions, as advised by the road safety review (see report).	6/3/24 -Noted	The initial design was modified following an independent road safety review conducted by Stewart Paton Associates Ltd (October 2022). The report recommended the maintenance of the required visibility splay of 215m, or the maximum available at the present time if less than 215m. These changes along with additional offset of planting from the roads as a result of feedback from South Lanarkshire Council will ensure that the impact from leaf litter and shading will be minimal from the final design.	Closed	low
Request to know if Tilhill has received a response from South Lanarkshire Council's roads department. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 1.8)	South Lanarkshire Council's roads department sent an email on 13/12/22. This was communicated with the neighbour during an in-person meeting at their property (26/01/23).	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Safety concerns	An independent road safety review was	6/3/24 -Noted	The initial design was modified	Closed	low

raised regarding the A723 road and Burn Road. Concerns about visibility at junctions and driveways.	conducted by Stewart Paton Associates Ltd. Based on the comments made, we have adapted the woodland design to accommodate the required visual splay of 215m, or the maximum available at the present time. These adaptations to the		following an independent road safety review conducted by Stewart Paton Associates Ltd (October 2022). The report recommended the maintenance of the required visibility splay		
(Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.05.04,	woodland design have been implemented at East Nethershields/A723, Property B, Burn Road, and Property D. As part of our		of 215m, or the maximum available at the present time if less than 215m. These changes		
Neighbour B: email 22/08/22)	hedge management, we will contribute to shared hedge trimming to maintain the required visibility at the junctions.		along with additional offset of planting from the roads as a result of feedback from South Lanarkshire Council will ensure that the impact from leaf litter and shading will be minimal from the final design.		
Request that line of sight from the currently inactive driveway is not restricted by land use change in the field south of Property B. (Neighbour C: email 18/11/22, Neighbour B: email 22/11/22)	We have exchanged the field to south of this property with another parcel of land, so there will not be trees planted in the field in question.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Request from neighbour to clarify how leaf litter will be monitored and	There are no proposals for a monitoring programme. Leaf litter provides benefits to biodiversity by creating natural habitats for	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

what mitigating measures would be in place. (Neighbour C: email via Office Manager & Parliamentary Assistant 02/02/23)	small mammals and invertebrates.				
Concern about the close proximity of the proposed woodland to dwellings and the perceived sensitivities associated with this. (Neighbour A: email 23/08/22 and 18/12/22 reference point 1.9)	While many woodland creation projects are in upland, remote places, this is an opportunity to create woodland closer to urban development for the use and enjoyment of local people. The forestry grant system recognises the benefits of woodlands close to urban areas by providing additional funding for projects in these areas.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Public access should be ensured for nearby communities, including local equestrian community. (Access Development Officer, Lanarkshire Council, 05/07/2022)	In line with the UK Forestry Standard and the Scottish Outdoor Access Code, we will not restrict access and we will provide pedestrian gates into fenced areas. Forest rides (grassy pathways) will be integrated within the woodland design to enable visitors to move around the woodland.	6/3/24 -Noted - gates should be shown on submission maps	No formal access routes are present on the site however the proposal has been designed with internal rides which can be accessed via self-closing pedestrian gates in the deer fence which will maintain responsible non-motorised access over the site and along existing internal track.	Closed	low

Concern that	Due to the UK Forestry Standard and the	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
growing trees next	Scottish Outdoor Access Code, we cannot	although			
to Property B	restrict public access to the proposed	design no			
presents a security	woodland.	longer			
risk. Wish for public		includes			
access to this area		planting to the			
to be prohibited for		south of			
privacy and security		property B			
reasons. (Neighbour					
B: email 22/08/22)					
Further safety	Our ecologists have advised us that deer	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
concerns raised	cross into open fields as well as wooded	- although is			
regarding the A723	areas. We have exchanged the field to	this field now			
road: if the field	south of this property with another parcel	not being			
south of Property B	of land, so there will not be trees planted in	planted ? if so			
does not have a	the field in question.	please update			
deer fence, this					
field will become a					
habitat for deer,					
which could lead to					
deer crossing the					
A723 with					
dangerous					
implications.					
(Neighbour C: via					
email from Office					
Manager &					
Parliamentary					
Assistant 02/02/23)					
Neighbouring	Accepted.	6/3/24 -noted	The initial design was modified	Closed	low
property operating			following an independent road		
a haulage business			safety review conducted by		

asked that shorter trees be planted near the road to maintain the visual splay from their driveway. (Neighbour D: email 15/12/22)			Stewart Paton Associates Ltd (October 2022). The report recommended the maintenance of the required visibility splay of 215m, or the maximum available at the present time if less than 215m. These changes along with additional offset of planting from the roads as a result of feedback from South Lanarkshire Council will ensure that the impact from leaf litter and shading will be minimal from the final design.		
Concern about the potential excess of	Broadleaf trees are planted and grow adjacent to public roads across the UK;	6/3/24 - Noted	See above	Closed	low
leaves blocking	they are often planted alongside new road	Noted			
drains and	construction for amenity purposes. We see				
increasing skid risk	no reason to deviate from this precedent in				
during wet	this context.				
conditions.	tino contexti				
(Neighbour D:					
email 15/12/22)					
Neighbour	The road safety review was instructed to	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	low
dissatisfied with the	assess the impact of the design on visibility				
thoroughness of the	splays, for which an hour was sufficient for				
road safety review	the inspector to gather the necessary				
because it was	information.				
undertaken within					
one hour.					
(Neighbour E:					
phone call					

16/12/22)					
Neighbour expressed concerns about leaves on the road could increase skid risk. (Neighbour E: email 01/05/23)	Broadleaf trees are planted and grow adjacent to public roads across the UK; they are often planted alongside new road construction for amenity purposes. We see no reason to deviate from this precedent in this context.	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	low
Neighbour concerned about visibility when leaving Property E when turning East or West onto Burn Road. When these trees reach maturity Burn Road will be constantly in shade during the winter months. (Neighbour E: phone call 16/12/22)	The proposed woodland would not affect the visibility splay of this property's driveway access. At maturity, the trees would increase the shade on Burn Road throughout the year.	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	low
Timber transport route (Email 15/11/23)	We will not be including a productive timber crop due to safety concerns associated with the access point considered for timber extraction.	7/5/24 - Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbours are concerned that planting will affect light availability and	Trees will increase the shade on the road, but we do not regard this as something which should prohibit planting them.	6/3/24 -Noted	The initial design was modified following an independent road safety review conducted by Stewart Paton Associates Ltd	Closed	low

reduce road safety, especially in winter. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.05.09 and Neighbour E: email 01/05/23) Neighbour request to see pedestrian	Please see the woodland design map.	6/3/24 -Noted please share	(October 2022). The report recommended the maintenance of the required visibility splay of 215m, or the maximum available at the present time if less than 215m. These changes along with additional offset of planting from the roads as a result of feedback from South Lanarkshire Council will ensure that the impact from leaf litter and shading will be minimal from the final design. No formal access routes are present on the site however the	Closed	low
gate locations. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.04)		these maps with final submission 7/5/24 proposal maps detail fencing route and gates which will provide sufficient access provision	proposal has been designed with internal rides which can be accessed via self-closing pedestrian gates in the deer fence which will maintain responsible non-motorised access over the site and along existing internal track.		
Neighbour concerned about	An overshadowing assessment was conducted and concluded that the proposal	6/3/24 -Noted However it is	Initial due diligence responses highlighted concern that the	Closed	low
the negative	is fully compliant with the	noted that the	initial design could increase		

impacts' loss of	recommendations of BRE's publication,	design	shading on two domestic	
light from the forest	'Site Layout Planning for Daylight and	assessed	properties, Burn Farm and	
might have on	Sunlight' (BR209:2022). Please see the	include a	Maiden Lea. The design was	
people's wellbeing	Overshadowing Assessment report for	northern edge	modified to include at least 140	
and has requested	further details.	of planting at	m of open ground between	
that professionals		1,100 stems	Burn Farm and the edge of the	
are engaged with to	(06/05/24) The lower density areas along	per ha please	woodland.	
mitigate risk.	some boundaries remain part of the final	ensure that		
(Neighbour A: email	design.	the operation	This modified design was then	
23/01/23 and email		plan/ final	assessed by GIA Surveyors	
11/04/23)		design include	against the Site Layout	
		this lower	Planning for Daylight and	
		density	Sunlight' (BR209:2022). Two	
		boundary or	assessments were undertaken,	
		if the design	one with top heights of all trees	
		does not	being 40 m, then a second with	
		included this	Sitka Spruce having of a top	
		feature details	height of 25 m, native trees at	
		how this	20 m and lower stature tree at	
		change would	15 m. Both surveys have	
		affect the	demonstrated that the	
		overshading	proposed design will not affect	
		assessment	the Burn Farm in terms of	
			recommendations of BR209 i.e	
		7/6/24 -	"at least half of a garden or	
		noted	amenity area should receive at	
			least two hours of sunlight on	
			21st March"	
			With regards to shadowing at	
			winter solstice, when the trees	
			are 25- 15 m in height	

			representing circa 40- 50 year		
			old woodland, no shadowing		
			would occur of Burn Farm. Due		
			to this analysis, no further		
			analysis on any impact on		
			future potential solar panels		
			yields was undertaken.		
			There would be overshadowing		
			if the trees reached 40 m but		
			this analysis is based on		
			deciduous trees being in leaf		
			which would not occur. When		
			bare tree analysis is		
			undertaken it shows that the		
			shadowing impact is greater		
			reduced as sunlight would be		
			only be partially obscured by		
			bare branches. In addition, the		
			revised design no longer		
			included Sitka spruce so with		
			the final species mix of native		
			broadleaves and Scots pine		
			even with 80- 100 years		
			growth trees would be very		
			unlikely to reach 40m in height.		
			The proposed planting south of		
			Maiden Lea has been removed		
			from the design, hence has not		
			been considered above.		
Neighbours are	The woodland is accessible by foot, bicycle	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

wondering where	and horseback. We have not received any				
cars will park when	requests for a car park, but we would				
people access the	consider any proposal for the creation of				
woodland.	one.				
(Neighbour E: email					
01/05/23,					
Neighbour F: email					
25/08/23,					
Neighbour A: email					
21/02/2024)					
Neighbour	Current rights of access will be maintained.	6/3/24 -Noted	No formal access routes are	Closed	N/A
concerned that the	Access to the site will be in line with the UK	please ensure	present on the site however the		
track leading south	Forestry Standard and the Scottish Outdoor	any fencing	proposal has been designed		
from Burn Road is a	Access Code.	proposal has	with internal rides which can be		
public right of way		sufficient	accessed via self-closing		
which provides	06/05/24) Fencing plans do not obstruct	access points	pedestrian gates in the deer		
amenity to walkers,	access.	to maintain	fence which will maintain		
cyclists and horse		this access	responsible non-motorised		
riders. These users			access over the site and along		
have been		7/5/24	existing internal track.		
significantly		proposal maps			
inconvenienced by		detail fencing			
some past		route and			
behaviours.		gates which			
(Neighbour G:		will provide			
email 12/08/22)		sufficient			
		access			
		provision			
A neighbour	Trees are known for the multiple benefits	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required –	Closed	N/A
believes planting so	they offer, and it is for this reason that		potential physical / shading /		
many trees in close	government policy encourages the planting		road safety issues from		
proximity to many	of trees close to built-up areas. The UK		planting on adjacent properties		

local houses which	reached its lowest recorded tree cover just		have been addressed in the		
have been here for	over a hundred years ago, which is why the		design		
over a hundred	Forestry Commission was established in				
years, is verging on	1919. Since then, tree cover has increased,				
immoral. Especially	but the country is currently failing to meet				
considering there is	government tree planting targets (in 2022,				
no history of trees	10,500 hectares were planted in Scotland,				
being in this area in	falling short of its 13,000-hectare target).				
this period.					
(Neighbour F: email					
25/08/23)					
A neighbour is	We will not be including a productive	6/3/24 please	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
concerned that the	timber crop due to safety concerns	update with			
commercial trees	associated with the access point considered	current			
are close to houses	for timber extraction.	proposal			
and will disrupt the					
views that residents					
have enjoyed for		7/5/24			
years.		removal of			
(Neighbour F: email		productive			
25/08/23)		conifer from			
		proposal			
		noted			
Regarding all access	We will follow this specification if we create	6/3/24 -	The applicant proposes to use	Closed	low
points onto A726:	or update any new access points. When	noted Have	existing field access points		
"Any gates required	woodland establishment works are	you had a	from the public roads to		
should be	underway, we will leave gates unlocked	response from	establish and manage the		
positioned not less	and open to ensure that vehicles can enter	council	woodland. The new deer fence		
than 15 metres	the site safely.	following your	and gates will be offset atleast		
from the edge of		email of 19th	20 m from the road. South		
the carriageway	(06/05/24) Our proposed approach was	December	Lanarkshire Council have		
and open in	emailed to the Council on 19/12/2022, but	2022 that	confirmed they are content		

towards the site."	we received no response. We emailed again	your proposal/	with the applicant using the	
(Engineering	on 28/03/2023 and 25/04/2023 - still no	further details	existing access points.	
Officer, Roads	response.	changes their	existing access points.	
Transportation and	Тезропзе.	requirements		
fleet services,	(09/05/24) We emailed the council to	for "all access		
South Lanarkshire	update them that no timber extraction	points on to		
council: email	would be needed and that existing	A726"		
13/12/22)	agricultural access points would be used by	A720		
13/12/22)	,	7/5/24 noted		
	light vehicles during establishment and	7/5/24 noted that no further		
	maintenance operations; and that we may			
	add Type 1 to access points to protect the	comments		
	ground.	provided by		
	(00/05/24) Beer area from Courth Level webine	council		
	(09/05/24) Response from South Lanakrshire	16/7/24 616		
	Council: 'The existing access points on Burn	16/7/24 SLC		
	Road, as indicated on the attached plan, (East Nerthershields Lot 1 access points), would not	confirmed		
	require alteration, however, the existing visibility	their		
	splay of 4.5metres x 215metres, must be	responses		
	maintained at all times.	regarding use		
	mamamed at an ames.	of existing		
	The existing access points on Strathaven Road	access point		
	A726, as indicated on the attached plan, (East	following		
	Nerthershields Lot 2 access points), would not	public		
	require alteration, however, the existing visibility	consultation		
	splay of 4.5metres x 215metres, must be			
	maintained at all times.			
	It should be noted that the access points are not			
	to this Services specification, ie unbound loose			
	material, however, as the access are existing no			
	upgrading works are required at this time. If in the			
	future reports of mud, debris, loose stones are			

	being deposited on the public road, upgrading works may have to be undertaken.'				
Regarding all access points onto A726: "The first 15 metres of the access road should be surfaced, sealed and trapped to prevent any detritus material or water leaving the driveway and entering the public road." (Engineering Officer, Roads, Transportation and Fleet Services,	For woodland creation operations, only tractors and light vehicles will be used. We agree to monitor access points during establishment operations to assess if maintenance is required. and We will deal with any debris by brushing if it is required. (19/12/22) (6/5/24)Confirm that this proposal was communicated to the Council on 19/12/22. (09/05/24) Council emailed again and response provided (see above).	6/3/24 Noted any operation not considered maintenance by council would required consent from council 7/5/24 noted that no further comments provided by	See above	Closed	Low
South Lanarkshire Council: email		council			
Regarding all access points onto A726: "The visibility requirements at the access is 4.5metres x 215 metres at 0.9m above road channel level. This would appear achievable however	We have had a road safety review conducted to assess the potential impact of tree planting on the junctions within the site; we have altered our plans accordingly to not reduce the visibility splay.	6/3/24 -Noted	The initial design was modified following an independent road safety review conducted by Stewart Paton Associates Ltd (October 2022). The report recommended the maintenance of the required visibility splay of 215m, or the maximum available at the present time if less than 215m. These changes	Closed	Low

it may require foliage/ fencing to be altered. Any proposed reduction in the above visibility splay must be supported by speed survey." (Engineering Officer, Roads, Transportation and Fleet Services, South Lanarkshire Council: email 13/12/22)			along with additional offset of planting from the roads as a result of feedback from South Lanarkshire Council will ensure that the impact from leaf litter and shading will be minimal from the final design.		
Regarding all access points onto A726: "To comply with Section 95 of the Roads (Scotland) Act 1984 – Deposit of mud/materials from vehicles on the road. A wheel	Tractors and machinery will be largely confined to site and will not be regularly entering and exiting the site onto the public road. We acknowledge our obligation to keep the public road free from dirt, but there is no requirement for wheel washing facilities. We do not anticipate dirt on the public road, but we agree to brushing/sweeping if it is required. Ground	6/3/24 Noted	No Mitigation required	Closed	N/A
washing facilities to ensure the public road is kept clean must also be provided and be located within the site." (Engineering Officer, Roads,	preparation operations will be planned for the summer to ensure minimal soil disturbance, which will also minimise soils being deposited on the road.				

Transportation and					
Fleet Services,					
South Lanarkshire					
Council: email					
13/12/22)					
Regarding all access	We will make sure there is provision for	6/3/24 Noted	No Mitigation required	Closed	N/A
points onto A726:	this if there are any access points where				·
"Sufficient turning	easy turning is not currently possible.				
facilities should be	, -				
provided within the					
site to ensure all					
construction,					
delivery and					
maintenance					
vehicles can exit					
the development in					
forward gear."					
(Engineering					
Officer, Roads,					
Transportation and					
Fleet Services,					
South Lanarkshire					
Council: email					
13/12/22)					
Regarding all access	We are not proposing any new access	6/3/24 Noted	No Mitigation required	Closed	N/A
points onto A726:	routes for establishment, as existing access				
"The access should	is sufficient at present. Should additional				
be a minimum 7.3	access be required in the future, then all				
metre wide with	statutory permissions shall be in place and				
10.5 metre radii."	access will be constructed to an approved				
(Engineering	specification.				
Officer, Roads,					

Transportation and					
Fleet Services,					
South Lanarkshire					
Council: email					
13/12/22)					
Regarding all access	As above.	6/3/24 Noted	No Mitigation required	Closed	N/A
points onto A726:		-, -, - : : : : : : :			,
"The access road					
should be a 7.3					
metre wide and					
constructed to					
industrial standard					
i.e. capping layer					
(based					
on CBRs), 225mm					
sub-base, 200mm					
binder course and					
45mm surface					
course, for the first					
2m of access road					
measured from the					
edge of the					
carriageway."					
(Engineering					
Officer, Roads,					
Transportation and					
Fleet Services,					
South Lanarkshire					
Council: email					
13/12/22)					
Regarding all access	As above.	6/3/24 Noted	No Mitigation required	Closed	N/A
points onto A726:					

"A delineation flat					
top kerb should be					
located 2m from the					
edge of the					
carriageway and					
should be over the					
full width of the					
access road."					
(Engineering					
Officer, Roads,					
Transportation and					
Fleet Services,					
South Lanarkshire					
Council: email					
13/12/22)					
"In relation to the	10m is the size of road buffer typically seen	6/3/24 -Noted	The initial design was modified	closed	Low
location of the line	alongside roads on new woodland creation		following an independent road		
of tree, Roads	sites, therefore we propose an open ground		safety review conducted by		
would require that	buffer of at least 10m alongside roads and we will bring the line of tree planting back		Stewart Paton Associates Ltd		
these be set back at	further to maintain sight lines at junctions,		(October 2022). The report		
least 20m from the	as advised by the road safety review (see		recommended the maintenance		
edge of the road,	report).		of the required visibility splay		
and should not			of 215m, or the maximum		
obscure any			available at the present time if		
existing visibilities			less than 215m. These changes		
splays."			along with additional offset of		
(Engineering			planting from the roads as a		
Officer, Roads,			result of feedback from South		
Transportation and			Lanarkshire Council will ensure		
Fleet Services,			that the impact from leaf litter		
South Lanarkshire			and shading will be minimal		
Council: email			from the final design.		

12/05/23)					
Erection of deer fences within 20m of the road will require planning approval (Engineering Officer, Roads Transportation and fleet services, South Lanarkshire Council: email 12/05/23)	Deer fencing will be set back further than 20m from the road.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
"A field gate was noted on the eastern curved boundary south of Coldstream was noted, please confirm if there is any requirement for pedestrian access from High Coldstream?" (Woodland Creation Technical Officer, Scottish Forestry: email 24/07/23)	The previous landowner reported that this gate is not used by pedestrians, therefore a requirement for pedestrian access here is not necessary.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Regarding Landscape survey: "VP 1 - it is unclear how representative	An additional viewpoint has been created to illustrate the view from the dwelling itself, in addition to the view from the track leading to the dwelling which was	7/5/24 - Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

this VP is of the	illustrated in the initial viewpoint.				
view from Property	moon acca in the initial transport				
G itself. Additional					
information					
regarding the					
potential impact/					
change on this					
property is					
requested"					
(Woodland Creation					
Technical Officer,					
Scottish Forestry,					
24/07/23)					
Regarding	Yes, this is based on the correct design.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Landscape survey: "	This visualisation is from a viewpoint set				
VP10 - the	far back from the woodland, so it is				
woodland looks	perhaps challenging to appreciate the				
very close to road;	distance between the road and tree planting line from this far away.				
is it based on	planting line from this far away.				
correct design?"					
(Woodland Creation					
Technical Officer,					
Scottish Forestry:					
email 24/07/23)					
Regarding	Due to concerns raised on the impact on	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Landscape survey: "	this property, we have exchanged this field				
VP12 - the design	for another parcel of land, so we no longer				
appears to have a	plan to plant trees in this area.				
significant impact of					
this property.					
Further					
consideration of					

the design in this					
location is					
recommended."					
(Woodland Creation					
Technical Officer,					
Scottish Forestry:					
email 24/07/23)					
Regarding	These have been created.	7/5/24 -	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Landscape survey: "		Noted			
Visualisation of VP 7					
and 13 would be					
useful to enable					
assessment on the					
potential impact/					
change on Burn					
road. I had					
incorrectly stated					
VP 11 rather 13 in					
the meeting."					
(Woodland Creation					
Technical Officer,					
Scottish Forestry:					
email 24/07/23)					
Regarding	These have been created.	7/5/24 -	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Landscape survey:		Noted			
"It is noted that no					
VPs from/on A					
roads have been					
provided and while					
noting comments					
by landscape					
advisor regarding					

passing views from					
the road given the					
volume of traffic,					
some					
representative					
visualisations would					
be helpful to enable					
assessment on the					
potential impact/					
change" (Woodland					
Creation Technical					
Officer, Scottish					
Forestry: email					
24/07/23)					
Private water	This was shared with South Lanarkshire	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
supply data should	Council in January 2023, and they				
be shared with the	confirmed that the private supply data we				
council's	supplied them matches their data.				
environmental					
health (Woodland					
Creation Technical					
Officer, Scottish					
Forestry: email					
14/06/23)					
A neighbour is	We propose an open ground buffer of at	6/3/24 -Noted	The initial design was modified	Closed	low
concerned about	least 10m alongside roads and we will bring		following an independent road		
road safety when	the line of tree planting back further to		safety review conducted by		
accessing Property	maintain sight lines at junctions, as advised by the road safety review (see report).		Stewart Paton Associates Ltd		
B, Property C, and	by the road safety review (see report).		(October 2022). The report		
Property H.			recommended the maintenance		
Particularly implying			of the required visibility splay		
that accident rates			of 215m, or the maximum		

are already high around East Nethershields and a reduction in line of sight could increase this. (Neighbour C: email 11/08/22)			available at the present time if less than 215m. These changes along with additional offset of planting from the roads as a result of feedback from South Lanarkshire Council will ensure that the impact from leaf litter and shading will be minimal from the final design.		
A neighbour has described current road conditions as "treacherous in anything but dry conditions" and is concerned that increased shading and dampness could reduce road safety. (Neighbour C: email 11/08/22)	We propose an open ground buffer of at least 10m alongside roads and we will bring the line of tree planting back further to maintain sight lines at junctions, as advised by the road safety review (see report).	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	low
A neighbour is concerned about access to Property B, Property C, and Property H. They are concerned that trees could increase danger to motorists, cyclists, horse riders, and other road users	We propose an open ground buffer of at least 10m alongside roads and we will bring the line of tree planting back further to maintain sight lines at junctions, as advised by the road safety review (see report). Trees are planted and grow adjacent to public roads across the UK; they are often planted alongside new road construction for amenity purposes. We see no reason to deviate from this precedent in this context.	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	low

because of					
increased					
dampness, leaf					
litter, forest debris					
on the A723,					
especially on the					
bends.					
(Neighbour C: email					
28/04/23)					
The Auldhouse and	Response provided by Scottish Forestry.	Scottish	Mitigation regarding relevant	Closed	N/A
Chapelton	Response provided by Scottish Forestry.	Forestry	concern such as loss of	Ciosed	IN/A
Community Council		replied on	agricultural land are		
contacted Scottish		23/11/23 to	considered elsewhere in the		
forestry directly		clarify the	issues log. While other matter		
13/11/23 with		process and	related to policy and as such		
following key points		highlighting	are not pertinent to the		
The removal of		that the	specifics of this proposal		
Agricultural Land		community	specifics of this proposal		
from food		council still			
		have an			
production.					
Increasing land		opportunity to comment on			
prices, based on					
grants and money available.		the specifics			
		of the project to Tilhill			
Pricing local forming					
farming					
communities out of					
the market,					
excluding them					
from expansion.					
•Forestry Creation					
Scheme is not					

1 1 1 1 1	_		
subject to the			
rigours or oversight			
of a planning			
application.			
•Lack of or ignoring			
due process in not			
entering			
consultation with			
the local community			
until the last minute			
and they were			
forced into it (for			
this scheme			
specifically).			
•Whilst the scheme			
may fulfil a			
corporate			
sustainability policy			
or aim, it must			
contradict any			
Corporate Social			
Responsibility (CSR)			
policy or aspirations			
the company may			
have.			
•The scar on the			
landscape			
extraction leaves,			
despite assurances			
now, we have no			
idea who will own			
or be responsible			

for the land in 25 -					
30 years' time.					
Neighbour A stated	The visualisations show the trees at 40	7/5/24 noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
that the	years' old which is the standard stage of	Not			
visualisations are	maturity that forestry proposals are	withstanding			
misrepresentative	assessed.	the wording in			
and do not show		the landscape			
the trees at full		report it is			
height (Neighbour		acknowledged			
A: email 03/04/24).		trees would			
		continue to			
		grow after			
		year 40 but			
		this growth			
		would be			
		significantly			
		less than in			
		the first 40			
		years there			
		for assessing			
		any impacts in			
		the initial			
		period would			
		reasonable. It			
		is also noted			
		the			
		visualisation			
		are of an			
		earlier design			
		which included			
		a spruce			
		element. It is			

		considered that these visualisations are acceptable to assess the impact of the all native design			
Neighbour A asked, 'Is the 5 m distance from road edge, the planting dimension or distance of fully mature branches?' (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	Trees will be planted at least 10 metres away from the road so that mature branches are 5 metres away from the road.	7/5/24 noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour A asked which road report has informed the design. (He added that he disregards the road safety report which was published by the road surveyor.) (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	We have used the recommendations of the road report which we shared with stakeholders in 2022.	7/5/24 noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Soil					
Small area of deep peat identified in	These areas have been probed and excluded from planting. Low density willow	6/3/24 -Noted - please detail	The site has been surveyed for deep peat (> 50 cm in depth)	Closed	low

and 01/05/23)		preparation			
emails 20/12/2022		regarding ground			
(Neighbour E:		details			
planting trees.		additional			
unsuitable for		7/5/24 noted			
and therefore					
than 50cm deep		peat			
the peat is more		edge of deep			
that in some parts	further information.	planting and			
property and says	deep peat. Please see the soil report for	between			
the entrance to his	preparation within 5 metres of areas of	buffer			
field across from	and alder will be planted without ground	any proposed			
used to own the	excluded from planting. Low density willow	- please detail			
Neighbour who	These areas have been probed and	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	Low
			density willow and alder.		
			buffer area being with low		
		preparation	deep peat with planting in this		
		ground	undertaken within 5m of the		
1		<mark>regardi</mark> ng	no ground preparation will be		
		details	to further protect the deep peat		
1		additional	the proposed planting. In order		
21/02/27)		7/5/24 noted	areas were then excluded from		
21/02/24)		peat	peat was located. The identified		
Neighbour A: email		peat	ensure the extent of the deep		
01/05/23;	Turtier information.	edge of deep	deep peat was located to		
(Neighbour E: email	further information.	planting and	which was then adjusted when		
Burn Road.	deep peat. Please see the soil report for	between	peat depth was initially assessed using a grid approach		
on the north side of	and alder will be planted without ground preparation within 5 metres of areas of	any proposed buffer	as part of the soil survey. The		

methods	continuous mounding across most of the site. Inverted and hinge mounding using an excavator will be used along some borders of the woodland to create a natural, scattered effect. Planting with a manual screef will be used in areas adjacent to more ecologically sensitive ground, i.e. south of the deep peat in the field north of Burn Road, along the calcareous grassland next to Powmillon Burn.				
Water Drainage and impact of tree roots on agriculturally drainage and potential cracking drains over time. (Neighbour D: email 15/12/23)	We intend to implement open drainage in areas where water is not draining satisfactorily: in LPID NS/69888/49110 where an existing agricultural drain is faulty. We do not plan to implement open drainage in Lot 2. In areas where poorly draining areas are not problematic, we will create a wet woodland habitat for the benefit of the associated wildlife. Trees are known to help stabilise water storage, so we anticipate surface water issues improving as the woodland becomes more established.	6/3/24 -Noted - please can you indicate where you are proposing implement open drainage 8/5/24 noted that drainage is in relation to existing drainage and is solely in lot	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour expressed concern specifically about damage to drainage in the land north of Property C.	We have brought back the line of tree planting in fields 3 and 9 so that there is a buffer of at least 5m between the tree line and fields north of Property C - the area of concern. Furthermore, we will plant smaller broadleaf species along the border of this	6/3/24 -Noted	Planting details included in operation plan	Closed	low

(Neighbour C: email	boundary to minimise roots spreading and	constraints			
11/08/22)	damaging neighbouring drains.	map			
		7/5/24			
		mitigation			
		detailed in ops plan			
Request that access	This is a watercourse and therefore any	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
is maintained to	works should be subject to a licence from	0/3/24 Noted	No mingation required	Ciosca	14/74
clear the drain at	the Scottish Environmental Protection				
the bottom of the	Agency. Due to other concerns raised on				
field south of	the impact on this property, we have				
Property B.	exchanged this field for another parcel of				
(Neighbour C: email	land, so we no longer plan to plant trees in				
via Office Manager	this field.				
& Parliamentary	tilis field.				
Assistant 02/02/23)					
Neighbour asked	The reduction of agricultural run-off and	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
about the impact of	establishment of broadleaf trees adjacent	0/3/24 -Noted	No miligation required	Ciosed	IN/ A
•					
tree planting upon the burn northwest	to the burn will improve the water quality of the burn.				
	of the burn.				
of Property G.					
(Neighbour G:					
email 12/08/22) Neighbour asked if	We have contacted South Lanarkshire	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
			No miligation required	Ciosed	IN/A
drainage might be	Council about opening the manholes either	please can			
added to help with	side of the A726. They have committed to	you indicate			
current water issues	cleaning the manholes in this area this	where you are			
at the bottom of the	financial year (2024-2025) (email dated	proposing			
field near the	01/03/2024). We are confident that once	implement			
haulage driveway at	the trees are planted and become more	open drainage			
Property D.	established, they will help to mitigate the				

(Neighbour D: email 15/12/23)	existing surface water issues.6/5/24 There will be no drainage in this part of the site.	8/5/24 noted that drainage is in relation to existing drainage and is solely in lot 1			
Private water supplies. (National Campaigns & Initiatives SEPA: email 20/12/22)	The borehole located at East Nethershields Farm (UPRN: 484136984) will be unaffected by ground level activity. Nevertheless, we have created a 50m buffer around this borehole in which there will be no planting. There is a spring located at Berryhill (UPRN: 484037543) is far away from the planting area, so it should be unaffected. There are no other known private water supplies within or near the site.8/5/24 No trees will be planted in this area. Borehole location is displayed on the hazards and constraints map.	6/3/24 -Noted - please can you provided map of these supplies with your final submission and shown which areas will be directed planted as per stated mitigation and include mitigation on operations plan	There is a borehole located at East Nethershields Farm which will be unaffected by ground level activity nonetheless, no forestry operation will be undertaken within 50 m of the borehole. There is a spring located at Berryhill which is sufficiently far away from the planting area, so it will not be affected. See map - "Nearby private water supplies" for locations. There are no other known private water supplies within or near the site.	Closed	Low
Drainage. There is	Trees play a vital role slowing down the	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	
currently very poor	flow of rainwater, absorbing rainwater and				
drainage in some	reducing erosion. We expect to see a				

areas and a	reduction in local flooding as the trees				
neighbour is	become more established.				
concerned about	become more established.				
increased flooding					
into neighbouring					
fields.					
(Neighbour E: email					
01/05/23)					
Neighbour is	As above, we can expect to see trees	6/3/24 -Noted	No Mitigation Required	Closed	N/A
concerned that tree	reducing localised flooding as the woodland	please can			
planting will	becomes more established. In the	you indicate			
negatively affect	meantime, we intend to implement open	where you are			
the function of	drainage in Lot 1 in LPID NS/69888/49110	proposing			
Victorian era clay	where an existing agricultural drain is	implement			
drains. He	faulty.	open drainage			
expressed that it is					
Tilhill's		8/5/24 noted			
responsibility to		that drainage			
adequately take his		is in relation			
run-off water		to existing			
(Neighbour G:		drainage and			
email 12/08/22)		is solely in lot			
		1			
Some of Property C	As above.	/3/24 -Noted			
drains into East		please can			
Nethershields. It is		you indicate			
currently the		where you are			
responsibility of					
		proposing			
each landowner to		_			

neighbours drainage water and maintain the drains in their own property. How will this be managed in East Nethershields? (Neighbour C: email 11/08/22)		8/5/24 noted that drainage is in relation to existing drainage and is solely in lot 1			
Material Assets					
BT lines	We have created a 10m open ground buffer on either side of the BT line.	Please include consideration of BT line 7/5/24 - Noted	No additional Mitigation Required	Closed	N/A
Impact of forestry machinery on the track that separates the two most westerly blocks south of Burn Road. (Neighbour G: email 12/08/22)	We do not anticipate significant impact on this track during planting. We propose a site meeting to document the current condition of the track prior to planting operations and following completion to identify any remedial works that may be required. We would cover the costs to bring the track back to the recorded condition.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter not relevant to forestry regulation	Closed	N/A
Neighbours have enquired about the maintenance of march fences and hedges. (Neighbour	Shared fences and hedges will be maintained on a 50/50 basis. We anticipate new deer fencing (at our cost). We will include fence and hedge maintenance in our management plan. This will include	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter not relevant to forestry regulation	Closed	N/A

G: email 12/08/22, and Neighbour C:	maintenance of roadside hedges and fences.				
email 11/08/22) The airstrip on Property G must remain accessible and operable. (Neighbour G: phone call 18/08/22)	The nearest planting edge is over 100m from the airstrip. The new planting edge is positioned behind mature broadleaf trees, therefore there will be no change to the current constraints associated with the airstrip. We do not anticipate this interfering with any craft landing.	6/3/24 -Noted	The airstrip is at least 100 m away from the proposed woodland creation. The design of the proposal has been shared with the owner and no further comments/ concerns were provided. There are already mature broadleaves trees on edge of the airstrip so the proposed planting is not considered to change the existing constraints for the airstrip.	Closed	low
Neighbour request for right of access on the track within the site to be respected. (Neighbour C: email 11/08/22)	Current rights of access will be maintained.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter not relevant to forestry regulation	Closed	N/A
Neighbour request for 24/7 access to East Nethershields lands to retrieve any straying livestock. (Neighbour C: email 11/08/22)	We have no issue with this, as we do not want any livestock damage to the trees. Please notify us if you require access to retrieve livestock. No ATVs will be permitted due to insurance purposes.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter not relevant to forestry regulation	Closed	N/A

A neighbour has requested information regarding the financial implications of organising fencing, hedge cutting etc. on joint boundaries. (Neighbour C: email via Office Manager & Parliamentary Assistant, 02/02/23)	Where maintenance of boundaries is a shared responsibility, this cost will be shared.	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter not relevant to forestry regulation	Closed	N/A
Concern over trees shading the Property I's field and reducing grass growth. Also concerned that tree roots would spread and choke agricultural drains under their field. Requested a 30m buffer between trees and Property I boundary. (Neighbour I: email 02/12/22)	We consider that the field shall not be shaded by tree cover in the adjacent field due to the direction of direct sunlight. In response to your concern about agricultural drains, we propose creating a 5m buffer along the fence line, and smaller tree species will be planted within 20m of the fence line.	6/3/24 -Noted Please can you include these details in the operational plan 7/5/24 additional details included in ops plan	No additional Mitigation Required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour asked what is to be done about the march	There will be a new deer fence erected around much of the site. In areas where there is no deer fence, we will work with	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter not relevant to forestry regulation	closed	N/A

fences where there	neighbouring landowners to maintain				
will be no deer	shared fences and hedges on a 50/50				
fencing. Stated that	basis.				
the fences are in a					
very poor state at					
the moment and					
need to be					
replaced.					
(Neighbour E: email					
01/05/23)					
Naishbaum aalsa d	Dandaida hadaaa will ha waanaad aa thaw	C/2/24 Not-1	No weitige time to a service of the	-ld	NI/A
Neighbour asked	Roadside hedges will be managed so they	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter	closed	N/A
who will be	do not obstruct road users.		not relevant to forestry		
responsible for the			regulation		
cutting of the roadside hedges					
next to Burn Road.					
Stated that they					
have not been cut					
for two years and					
are becoming a					
road hazard.					
(Neighbour E: in					
person 05/01/23)					
Neighbour at	Current rights of access will be maintained.	6/3/24 -Noted	Fence is offset from road so	closed	Low
Property D stated	Access to the site will be in line with the UK	, ,	access is maintained		
that access will also	Forestry Standard and the Scottish Outdoor				
be required by the	Access Code.				
Council to the					
existing manholes					
on both sides of the					
A726. (Neighbour					

D: email 15/12/23)					
Neighbour asked if	Landscape and overshadowing assessments	6/3/24 -Noted	Mitigation details else were in	closed	N/A
a landscape	have been carried out and visualisations		issues log		
assessment and	have illustrated the changes to the				
daylight tracking	landscape from key viewpoints; both				
analysis will be	assessments are supportive of the				
carried out to	woodland proposal.				
assess the impact					
of the woodland					
design on					
neighbouring					
properties. The					
neighbour is					
concerned that it					
will have a negative					
impact on their					
property.					
(Neighbour A:					
emails 18/12/22					
reference point					
2.01.06, 2.06.04,					
2.06.06, 22/03/23,					
and 11/04/23)					
Neighbour is	An overshadowing assessment was	6/3/24 -Noted	Mitigation details else were in	closed	N/A
concerned about	conducted and concluded that the proposal		issues log		
trees reducing the	is fully compliant with the				
daylight entering	recommendations of BRE's publication,				
their property. This	`Site Layout Planning for Daylight and				
neighbour wishes to	Sunlight' (BR209:2022). Please see the				
add solar panels to	Overshadowing Assessment report for				
the roof of their	further details.				
property, so does					

not want any additional shade.					
(Neighbour A: email					
23/01/23)					
Neighbours are	An assessment of the potential implications	6/3/24 Noted	The site is in a low risk area for	Closed	Low
concerned about	of climate change for wildfire risk was	Please get	wild fire both in the current		
the potential fire	carried out as part of the 'UK climate	details in	climate and with future climate		
risk of a forest near	change risk assessment'. This shows the	operational	models. The risk will be further		
their property.	forest fire risk index for this region	plan are	mitigated by vegetation		
(Neighbour A: email	remaining low despite a changing climate.	correct should	management during the		
23/01/23;	As most fires are started by people, during	design change	establishment phase along with		
Neighbour E: email	higher risk conditions, we will erect signs to		the proposed grazing of four		
01/05/23;	advise visitors against the use of BBQs or	46/7/24	areas retained in agriculture		
Neighbour A: email	other activities which may increase risk of	16/7/24	(Lot 1 - south of Burn Farm		
03/04/24)	fire. Our maintenance plans include 5 years	updated	and east of South Sheild Farm,		
	of vegetation control, and there are three	details in ops	in lot 2 - west of A726 and		
	large areas of open ground (8.13 hectares)	plan	east of Powmillon Burn). The		
	which will continue to be grazed. We will		area east of South Shields		
	monitor vegetation levels and fire risk as		Farm was added due to that		
	part of our ongoing management of the		property having a timber barn		
	site. The accessibility of the site next to A-		in close proximity to the		
	roads increases the ability to effectively		proposed woodland. The site is		
	manage the fire risk within the woodland.		relatively flat which reduces the		
			risk of rapid spread of a fire		
			should one occur. In addition,		
			the roads, tracks and rides		
			crossing the site provide both		
			fire breaks and good access to		
			manage a fire should one		
			occur. During higher risk		
			conditions, signs would be		
			erected advising against use of		

Concern raised over	A 10m open ground buffer on either side of	6/3/24 Noted	BBQs and other activities which would increase the risk of fires starting. The powerlines have been	Closed	Low
the potential	powerlines has been accommodated in the	, , ,	buffered by 10 m of open		
damage trees could	woodland design. Scottish Power Energy		ground and Scottish Power		
cause to powerlines	Networks have approved these plans		have confirmed this buffer is		
if they were to fall.	(20/03/23).		sufficient.		
(Neighbour A: email					
11/04/23)					
Neighbour	A 10m open ground buffer is standard	6/3/24 Noted	See above	Closed	Low
concerned that 10m	practice and, accordingly, this has been	, please can			
buffer around	approved by Scottish Power Energy	you include			
powerlines is not	Networks.	reference to			
enough due to trees		the BT lines			
growing taller than					
10m (Neighbour E:		7/5/24 addition			
email 01/05/23)		noted			
A neighbour has	Planting of sycamore trees is not planned	6/3/24 noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
enquired whether	anywhere on this site. If this changes,				
no sycamores could	engagement with the neighbour will				
be planted near	commence to ensure sycamores are not				
their boundary due	planted within an agreed range of their				
to the danger of	property.				
sycamore poisoning					
to his valuable					
ponies and horses					
(Neighbour C: via					
email from Office					
Manager &					
Parliamentary					
Assistant 02/02/23)					

A neighbour owns a pedigree horse	We have discussed this with the neighbour and, in the instance that we need wildlife	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
stud. They are	management, we will invite him to submit				
concerned that loud	an application for the work. Any wildlife				
noises and other	manager employed by Tilhill to manage the				
triggers from	site will have the qualifications and				
wildlife	experience to stalk in a manner which is				
management on the	sympathetic of the local context.				
site might reduce					
horse safety and					
welfare. The					
neighbour has					
stated that they					
would be willing to					
carry out wildlife					
management on the					
site to mitigate this					
issue.					
(Neighbour C: email					
11/08/22)					
Neighbour asked	We are not aware of any hedging being		No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
why hedging has	removed and we have never had plans to				
been removed from	remove any hedging, as it is an important				
East Nethershields	feature of the landscape and a valuable				
since July 2022.	habitat.				
(Neighbour A:					
email, 17/03/24)					
Cultural Heritage					
Advised to protect	An open ground buffer zone of 10m has	6/3/24 -Noted	A Historic Environment Desk-	Closed	Low
three archaeological	been extended around the farmstead and		Based Assessment and		
assets (a	buffer zones of 5m have been extended		Walkover Survey was		
farmstead, a cairn	around the cairn and pump house. A ride		undertaken by Mott Macdonald		

		ı	T	ı	,
and a pump house)	(grass track) has been incorporated into		(June 2022) The report		
with buffer zones.	the design to enable management and		identified three features of		
The archaeological	public interest access to the cairn in Lot 2.		significance which will be		
survey identified 13	Prior to work commencing, each of the		protected by appropriate		
less significant	buffer zones established in the design plan		buffers; MM06 Nethershields /		
archaeological	will be clearly marked and delineated on		High Barn Farmstead- 10 m		
assets but did not	the ground to ensure that no planting takes		buffer; MM14 Brae		
recommend buffers	place on these areas.		Cairn/marker - 5 m and MM16		
for them.			Cloverhill Pump House - 5m.		
(Archaeological			Two features (MM05 Burn		
survey, 14/06/22)			Farmstead and MM04 High		
			Cross Knowe Possible site of		
			cross.) which were highlighted		
			by stakeholders were assessed		
			by the report as not significant		
			therefore did not need		
			buffering; due to the lack of		
			above ground remains and		
			extent of modern ploughing		
			and improvement. West of		
			Scotland Archaeology Service		
			were provided the report and		
			made no specific comments but		
			stated that the proposal to		
			maintain open ground buffers		
			was inline with "general		
			forestry policies" The site has		
			drystone walls present which		
			will be protected by a 5 m		
			buffer from planting.		
Neighbour	The archaeological survey judged this asset	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	Low
highlighted location	to be of low significance. This area is being	, ,			
	<u> </u>	1	1		

of former farm	left for grazing anyway.				
steading on map					
from 1912					
(Neighbour E: email					
20/12/22)					
A request has been	This is integrated into the design.	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	Low
made that all open					
ground buffer zones					
around					
archaeological					
features are					
measured from the					
outer extent of the					
feature and not a					
single grid					
reference (Historic					
Environment					
Records Officer:					
email 05/07/23)					
"West of	Open ground buffers are designed for the	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	Low
Coldstream there is	following features: 5m for the drystone	please clarify			
a drystone wall	wall, 5m for existing trees and hedges	the 5 m buffer			
which should be	within new broadleaf woodland, and 10m	for existing			
buffered from	for existing trees and hedges in the conifer	trees and			
planting along with	area.	hedges is in			
existing trees/		broadleaves			
hedges present".		planting areas			
(Woodland Creation		– please			
Technical Officer,		include these			
Scottish Forestry:		buffers in the			
email 24/07/23)		operation			
		plan.			

High Cross Knowe, east of A723, is identified in the HER database as a possible site of a cross. There are no records of physical remains associated with a cross being uncovered at this location. There is a possibility that there are some	The archaeological survey judged the archaeological potential of this asset as low: 'There is no clear evidence of medieval occupation within the study area. High Cross Knowe may have had origins within the medieval period but the evidence for this is weak. Modern, post-improvement ploughing will have impacted upon any evidence of medieval occupation or medieval farming practices.'	6/3/24 -Noted	See above	Closed	Low
traces surviving					
below ground.					
(Historic Environment					
Records Officer:					
email 05/07/23)					
Landscape					
Neighbour is	The local Landscape Character Assessment	7/5/24 noted	The proposal consists of two	Closed	Low
concerned that the project does not strengthen rural character but believes it will be destroying it. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	outlines that the '[r]ural character of the Plateau Farmland has reduced as tree cover has declined.' Accordingly, the landscape survey explains, 'it is considered that the proposed scheme will strengthen the rural character of the landscape and enclose and screen many of the man-made features in and around the site.'	77 37 24 Hoteu	lots, both of which are located within the Plateau Farmland Landscape character type (LCT) (NatureScot 2019) with number of properties overlooking the lots. A landscape report was commissioned to consider impact on the LCT and adjacent properties.	Closed	Low

While acknowledging the
current open nature of the lots
and that the proposal would
increase native woodland
cover, it is considered that the
proposal would enhance the
landscape character of the area
as it would deliver
management guidelines
detailed in South Lanarkshire
Landscape Character
assessment (2010) namely
"consider the scope for
additional woodland planting
around settlements, along
transport corridors and on the
periphery of other visually
prominent land uses and
activities, with the objective of
reducing these features' impact
on the wider landscape". In
addition, the changes to the
LCT would be localised and the
majority of the extensive LCT
would be unaffected by the
proposal.
The report also considered the
impact of the proposal on
adjacent properties and
included visualisations of
woodland from key viewpoints.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

The tree heights used the
visualisation were 25m for
Sitka spruce, 18m for Scots
pine, 15 m for broadleaves and
8 m for shrubs, which were
considered to represent circa
40 years of growth . The final
design will only have native
broadleaves with 5% Scots
pine as the Sitka spruce and
pure Scots pine areas has been
removed. So the final design
would have a reduced height at
year 40 to what is shown
where the Sitka spruce and
pure Scots pine areas are
present .
With Lot 1, the majority of
properties either have
intervening hedges/ existing
trees or farm buildings between
them and the proposed
woodland creation which
greatly reduce the significance
of the change to these
properties. A single property,
Burn Farm, would experience
the greatest change in short
distance views however to
mitigate impact of light/
shading the woodland edge has
shading the Modulatia edge has

			been moved circa 140 m from the property with the retained open ground proposed for grazing. There would be some loss of distant views from a number of properties once the woodland matures. With Lot 2, as a result of the report recommendations an increased area of open ground was added on the west side of the road opposite Cloverhill Farm/ Cottage to reduce visual impact to these properties, increasing the distance from the planting to atleast 80 m from these properties.		
Neighbour is concerned that the project will enclose and screen historic farms and properties. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	See above.	7/5/24 noted	See above	Closed	Low

Loss of Property G	The distant views to the north and	6/3/24 Noted	See above	Closed	Low
amenity through	northeast of the property will impacted by	- the current	See above	Closed	LOW
the loss of open	broadleaf trees. The landscape report	photo include			
sweeping views to	explains, 'it is unlikely that any of these	in additional			
the north and	effects would be noticeable given the very	visualisation (
northwest and		`			
	long, 40-year time span involved in the	viewpoint 1			
northeast over the	change' (p.32). The report also found that	also shown			
Clyde Valley from	the proposed design is not sufficiently	the current			
the house.	dominating of a particular property so as to	distance views			
(Neighbour G:	prohibit planting.	from the			
email 12/08/22)		garden are			
		obscured by			
		ground form			
Loss of view and	In response to the landscape report's	6/3/24 please	See above	Closed	Low
sunlight from south	interim recommendations, we have	can you			
of Property B	reduced the scale of tree planting in the	update to			
cottage.	field to the south of Property B: we now	reflect your			
(Neighbour B: email	propose a wider gap between the hedge	current			
22/08/22)	along the A723 and the planting line to	proposal			
	retain more of the view and sunlight.				
	Within the first 30m of the property, we	8/5/24 -			
	propose planting shrub species to create a	noted			
	softer edge to the planting scheme. These				
	changes were approved by the landscape				
	architect. The property's principal view to				
	the southwest would remain unaffected.				
	8/5/24 This field has been swapped with a				
	neighbouring field, so it will not be planted.				
Loss of open view	In response to the landscape report's	6/3/24 Noted	See above	Closed	Low
to the southwest of	interim recommendations, we have	0, 3, 2 1 110000		2.0004	
Property D and the	removed some of the planting in the field				
Troperty D and the	removed some or the planting in the field				

reduced appeal and	opposite Property I. The report explains				
value of the	that 'new planting would be visible at a				
property.	minimum distance of approximately 85m,				
(Neighbour I: email	on the other side of a busy road and seen				
02/12/22)	through a screen of existing trees not all of				
	which are shown on the visualisation.				
	These, in summer, will themselves provide				
	almost complete screening of the view'				
	(p.31).				
Loss of open views	In response to the landscape report's	6/3/24 Noted	See above	Closed	Low
to the west and	interim recommendations, we have				
northwest from	removed some of the planting in the field				
Property D. (Neighbour D:	opposite Property D. The report explains				
email 15/12/22)	that 'new planting would be visible at a				
Cindii 19/12/22/	minimum distance of approximately				
	80m, on the other side of a busy road and				
	seen through a partial screen of existing				
	trees' (p.30).				
Comment that	The landscape report identifies the local	6/3/24 Noted	See above	Closed	Low
alterations referred	area's Landscape Character Type (LCT) as	In addition the			
to in Tilhill's letter	'Plateau Farmland'. While one of the	South			
dated 11/11/22 do	features of this LCT is 'extensive, open, flat	Lanarkshire			
not maintain an	or gently undulating landform', another	Council			
open outlook from	feature is that the 'rural character of the	Landscape			
their property.	Plateau Farmland has reduced as tree	Character			
(Neighbour A: email	cover has declined and the visual influence	Assessment			
18/12/22 reference	of settlements, transport infrastructure and	2010 contains			
points 2.01.07,	mineral working has increased' (p.5). The	the following			
2.02.04, 2.06.03,	proposed woodland design will inevitably	guidance:			
and 2.06.06, email	alter the openness of the outlook, but it will	"planning and			
22/03/23, email	also enhance the rural character which has	management			
11/04/23, and	reduced due to declining tree cover. In	should aim to			

email 08/03/23;	response to consultation comments and the	restore the		
Neighbour A: email	landscape report's interim	rural		
03/04/24)	recommendations, we have changed the	landscape		
	design to provide more open space at key	character by		
	viewpoints.	increasing		
		appropriate		
		tree cover		
		particularly in		
		relation to		
		non-rural		
		landscape		
		elements.		
		Planning		
		policies should		
		aim to prevent		
		further visual		
		intrusions.		
		There may be		
		opportunities		
		for more		
		radical		
		enhancement		
		of the		
		landscape by		
		the creation of		
		a more		
		extensive		
		woodland		
		framework".		
		And		
		specifically		
		about trees		

		and woodland management "			
The visual impact of Sitka spruce and forestry operations. (Neighbour A: emails 27/01/23, 22/03/23, and 11/04/23)	We will not be including a productive timber crop due to safety concerns associated with the access point considered for timber extraction.	6/3/24 please update based on current proposal 7/5/24 - Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Regarding CCF: "It is unclear how VP SS, LP and Asp would create a CCF mix given significantly different growth rates - further detail regarding this mix are requested" (Woodland Creation Technical Officer, Scottish Forestry, 24/07/23)	We will not be including a productive timber crop due to safety concerns associated with the access point considered for timber extraction.	6/3/24 please can you update to reflect your current proposal 7/5/24 - Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour is concerned that the woodland is not a good fit with the landform. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	Please see the landscape survey.	7/5/24 - content with the landform analysis — although it is noted there is no strong landform influences on the design	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

Neighbour	We have taken Scottish Forestry's	7/5/24 -	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
disagrees that the	comments on board, and we have changed	Noted			
landscape report's	the design significantly. The landscape				
assessment that the	report assessed this revised design, not the				
woodland proposal	design which Scottish Forestry commented	16/7/24 The			
is a 'good fit with	on in January 2023.	final design is			
the landform', and		now 100%			
cites Scottish		native and has			
Forestry's initial		increased			
assessment of the		open ground			
proposal in January		buffer to the			
2023 as unsuitable.		roads and			
(Neighbour A: email		properties			
21/02/24;					
Neighbour A: email					
03/04/24)					
Neighbour A	This is outwith the scope of the application.	7/5/24 agreed	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
recorded that the					
landscape report					
does not assess					
local amenities and					
welfare (Neighbour					
A: email 03/04/24).					
Neighbour A	The landscape survey was conducted by a	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
disagreed with	qualified landscape architect, whose				
statements made in	professional comments we have				
the landscape	incorporated into the design.				
survey (Neighbour					
A: email 03/04/24).					
Neighbour A asked	The landscape architect has completed his	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
further questions	report which satisfies the requirements of				
about the landscape	this application.				

survey report and requested further information about various statements made by the landscape architect (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).					
Neighbour A asked why the location for the productive conifer has been selected (email 03/04/24)	8/5/24 We will not be including a productive timber crop due to safety concerns associated with the access point considered for timber extraction.	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour A stated that the location map in the landscape report should be dismissed if it is used at this scale because it should 'reflect the area being proposed' (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	It is standard industry practice to provide a location map of this scale. The more immediate landscape is considered elsewhere in the report.	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour A stated that Lot 1 should not be described as moorland in the landscape report (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	The report does not describe Lot 1 as moorland. The only reference to moorland in the report is to the Landscape Character Assessment type of the local area (Plataue Farmland'), which is described to provide the context where the site is located.	7/5/24 Noted – comments Regarding moorland are a quote from NatureScot's Landscape descriptions	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

Neighbour A: 'The historic maps show that this area has not had a large tree cover in its history and the phrase "declining tree cover" misrepresents the majority Lot 1.' (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	National policy is to increase tree cover due to historic lows in tree cover. The landscape report highlights the declining tree cover due to the over-mature beech hedgerows. It is important to grow the next generation of trees so the landscape is not devoid of trees when these mature trees are no longer present.	7/5/24 Noted – comments Regarding declining tree cover are a quote from NatureScot's Landscape descriptions	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Biodiversity					
A neighbour asked	We have discussed this with the neighbour	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter	closed	N/A
to be able to	and, in the instance that we need wildlife		not relevant to forestry		
continue	management, we will invite him to submit		regulation		
wildlife/pest	an application for the work. Unwarranted				
management on	wildlife management is not permitted. Any				
East Nethershields	wildlife manager employed by Tilhill to				
land.	manage the site will have the qualifications				
(Neighbour C: email	and experience to stalk in a manner which				
11/08/22)	is sympathetic of the local context.				
A neighbour has	We have discussed this with the neighbour	6/3/24 -Noted	No mitigation required - matter	closed	N/A
requested	and, in the instance that we need wildlife		not relevant to forestry		
engagement regarding wildlife	management, we will invite him to submit		regulation		
management and	an application for the work. Unwarranted				
specifically	wildlife management is not permitted. Any				
controlling of fox	wildlife manager employed by Tilhill to				
abundance.	manage the site will have the qualifications				
(Neighbour C: email	and experience to stalk in a manner which				
via Office Manager	is sympathetic of the local context.				

& Parliamentary					
Assistant 02/02/23) Breeding Birds	Breeding bird survey comments: 'The breeding bird assemblage on site is currently of only local conservation value. The woodland creation scheme will benefit bird communities of scrub and woodland, creating habitats for species such as sparrowhawk and goshawk.'	6/3/24 Please include assessment of breeding birds in issues log 7/5/24 Comments added	A Brown and Shepherd breeding bird survey was undertaken in 2022 by Carstairs Ecological Consultants and extended to include all species. The bird assemblage recorded was considered to be of local conservation importance with two red listed species (House sparrow (1 pair) and Skylark (2 pairs)) and three amber listed species breeding on site. While the woodland creation will reduce foraging habitat for these species, there would be alternative adjacent open habitat for the recorded species. In addition, proposed woodland creation would benefit species such as sparrowhawk and goshawk.	Closed	Low
Vegetation Survey: badger setts.	A buffer zone of 30m has been created around each badger sett. The badger setts will remain outside the line of the deer fence, and badger gates will be added to ensure the badgers can access the woodland. Checks for badgers will occur prior to groundwork to review the status and distribution of setts. Existing setts will	6/3/24 Noted please can you include these details in the operational plan	Carstairs Ecological Consultant undertook a badger survey, as part of their Ecological Assessment (August 2022). which located 3 active setts. These setts have been buffered in the design such that there will be no planting or access	Closed	Low

	have a work exclusion zone around them in	7/5/24	within 30 m of the sett		
	accordance with current NatureScot	included in	entrances . The setts will be		
	guidance.	Ops plan	outwith the deer fence and		
	galadileei	opo piari	badger gates will be installed to		
			enable continued access		
			through the fence .		
Ecological	The CG10 calcareous grassland will be	6/3/24 Noted	A Phase 1/ NVC assessment	Closed	Low
assessment -	excluded from the woodland design. We	0/3/24 Noted	was undertaken by Carstairs	Ciosea	LOW
Vegetation Survey:	will have a 10m open ground buffer of the		Ecological Consultants (August		
CG10 calcareous	grasses, followed by a 10m buffer of low-		2022). The majority of the site		
	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
grassland of high	density shrubs and small trees, all of which		consists of improved grassland,		
conservation value	will be direct planted with no ground		MG6, MG10, MG13. Calcareous		
lies adjacent to	preparation. We will fence above the		grassland (CG10) of high		
Powmillon Burn.	grasses, and we have discussed a grazing		conservation value was located		
	regime with the neighbouring farmer to		adjacent to Powmillon Burn.		
	maintain the habitat. A non-grazing period		This calcareous grassland will		
	between May and August (inclusive) will be		be excluded from the woodland		
	scheduled to allow calcicoles to flower and		design. There will have a 10m		
	seed.		open ground buffer of the		
			grassland, followed by a 10m		
			buffer of low-density shrubs		
			and small trees, all of which		
			will be direct planted with no		
			ground preparation. The		
			location of the fence to protect		
			the woodland will enable the		
			CG10 grassland to be grazed		
			while protecting the woodland.		
			The applicant is proposing a		
			grazing regime with the		
			neighbouring farmer to		
			maintain the habitat. A non-		

			grazing period between May and August (inclusive) will be scheduled to allow calcicoles to flower and seed. Any tree regeneration will be removed from this habitat.		
Neighbour has requested to control moles within 20 metres of his property boundary. (Neighbour C: phone call 01/03/23)	Moles play a beneficial role in the management of soil. Therefore, we wish to protect moles within our boundary and would not support trapping them.	6/3/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour has asked for ragwort to be controlled to prevent it from spreading into his property and presenting a risk to his horses and other livestock. (Neighbour C: phone call 01/03/23)	We will create a 50m buffer where our land marches with agricultural land, within which ragwort will be topped to prevent flowering. This will be implemented annually in early summer before flower heads mature. We do not wish to eliminate the plant further within our site, as it is a native flower which is an important nectar source and food plant for a range of invertebrate species including 5 Red Data Book and Nationally Scarce species.	6/3/24 Noted please include this commitment in the operational plan 7/5/24 included in Ops plan	Buffer detailed in ops plan	Closed	Low
Neighbour requested clarity on areas to be deer fenced. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference	Deer fencing is required to protect vulnerable tree species from deer browsing. Where it is uneconomic to deer fence an area due to the size or shape of the field, we will use tree guards to protect vulnerable tree species.	6/3/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

point 2.02.02)					
Neighbour is concerned that any conifer planting on the site reduces value for biodiversity and ecology. (Neighbour C: email 22/06/23)	The proposal is for a fully native scheme which will comprise 95% broadleaf trees and 5% Scots pine. This will be an improvement on the current grazed and compacted soil conditions.	6/3/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
"We note the identification of calcareous grassland, and we recommend the buffer zone is maximised in the planting design in order to ensure the protection of this habitat." (Senior conservation officer, RSPB: email 18/11/22)	The CG10 calcareous grassland will be excluded from the woodland design. We will have a 10m open ground buffer of the grasses, followed by a 10m buffer of low-density shrubs and small trees, all of which will be direct planted with no ground preparation. We will fence above the grasses, and we have discussed a grazing regime with the neighbouring farmer to maintain the habitat. A non-grazing period between May and August (inclusive) will be scheduled to allow calcicoles to flower and seed.	6/3/24 Noted	See above mitigation re this habitat	Closed	Low
There is "an area of interest adjacent to the proposed woodland at NS69228 49729 called Whitefield	The field which adjoins Whitefield Moss contains much deep peat which will not be planted. The small areas within the field which do not contain deep peat will be planted with broadleaf trees which will provide a feathered effect to the edge of	6/3/24 Noted	Habitats Regulations Appraisal undertaken - No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

Moss, it supports	this SSSI. Our client would be interested in				
approx. 19ha of	peatland restoration of this field and				
peatland that is	neighbouring fields if there was				
located to the south	neighbouring interest and consent.				
of a larger body of					
peatland called					
Waukenwae moss,					
designated a SSSI					
and Special Area					
of Conservation."					
(Countryside					
Ranger,					
Countryside and					
Greenspace					
Service: email					
07/07/2022)					
"The Northern	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	Habitats Regulations Appraisal	Closed	N/A
"The Northern section of the forest	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	=	Closed	N/A
section of the forest	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation designated for its	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation designated for its Active Raised Bogs	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation designated for its Active Raised Bogs and Degraded	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation designated for its Active Raised Bogs and Degraded raised bogs still	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation designated for its Active Raised Bogs and Degraded raised bogs still capable of natural	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation designated for its Active Raised Bogs and Degraded raised bogs still capable of natural regeneration In	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A
section of the forest plan area near Nethershields is close to Waukenwae Moss Special Area of Conservation designated for its Active Raised Bogs and Degraded raised bogs still capable of natural	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Noted	undertaken - No mitigation	Closed	N/A

proposal will have a					
significant effect on					
any qualifying					
interests either					
directly or					
indirectly. An					
appropriate					
assessment is					
therefore not					
required."					
(Operations Officer,					
West Central					
Scotland, Nature					
Scot: email					
07/07/2022)					
Lower Density	We will have a 10m open ground buffer of	6/3/24 Noted	Mitigation detailed in	Closed	Low
Native Broadleaves	the grasses, followed by a 10m buffer of		operations plan		
around the	low-density shrubs and small trees, all of				
calcareous	which will be direct planted with no ground				
grassland might be	preparation.				
better replaced with					
an open ground					
buffer.					
(Woodland Creation					
Technical Officer,					
Scottish Forestry:					
email 17/05/23)					
Any tree	Agreed and noted.	6/3/24 Please	Mitigation in ops plan	Closed	N/A
regeneration that		can you			
occurs on the		include this			
calcareous		commitment			
grassland will need		in the ops			

					1
to be removed.		plan			
(Woodland Creation					
Technical Officer,					
Scottish Forestry:		7/5/24			
email 17/05/23)		commitment			
		in the ops			
		plan			
Non-native black	We have removed black poplar from the	6/3/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
poplar included in	mix and added crab apple, bird cherry and				,
native broadleaf	wild cherry.				
mix. Crab apple,					
bird cherry and wild					
cherry may be					
better options to					
consider.					
(Woodland Creation					
Technical Officer,					
Scottish Forestry:					
email 24/07/23)				1	
A mature hedge is	A 10m open ground buffer will surround	6/3/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
located in a	this hedge.	- please can			
proposed		you include			
productive conifer		this in a			
block in Lot 1.		constraint			
(Woodland Creation		map and in			
Technical Officer,		ops plan			
Scottish Forestry:					
email 24/07/23)		7/5/24			
-		changes no			
		required as no			
		productive			

		conifer is now proposed			
Neighbour is concerned of the risk that the	Please see the ecological survey for details on how the proposal will benefit breeding birds.	7/5/24 noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
woodland creation site offers towards winter wading birds such as lapwings. (Neighbour A: email	Dirus.	16/7/24 – site not suitable for winter wading birds so no survey			
Neighbour is concerned that the deer fences will act as a deterrent for wildlife across the site. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	Deer fences are often necessary to allow trees and other vegetation to grow by removing grazing pressure. Badger gates will be installed to enable the free movement of the local badger population. In line with best practice, we will remove the deer fence once it has served its purpose.	was required 7/5/24 noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Neighbour states that deer fencing is not in keeping with the landscape character (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	Deer fences are often necessary to allow trees and other vegetation to grow by removing grazing pressure. The fence will be removed once it has served this purpose – in 15 to 20 years' time.	7/5/24 noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Land Use					
The woodland proposal would have a negative impact on the local	The majority of the land within the East Nethershields boundary is Grade 4.1 farmland – land which is capable of growing a narrow range of crops and is	6/3/24 Noted	The total holding consists of 88.5 ha of Grade 4.1, 5.2 ha of Grade 5.1, 1.1 ha of Grade 6.2 and 2.1 ha of Grade 6.3 land as assessed by MacCaulay	Closed	Low

economy by taking land out of agricultural production. Integration with other land uses should be considered. (Senior Agricultural Officer, Rural Payments and Services: emails 19/07/22 and 01/12/22)

primarily used for grazing. The proposed land use change would have a very small impact on local agricultural production (0.45% change to the available agricultural land within 10km, and 0.001% across the available agricultural land in Scotland), and it is in line with the Scottish Government's aim of increasing woodland cover in Scotland from 19% to 21% by 2032 (Forestry Strategy, 2019). It is hoped that this would be an acceptable trade off given the benefits a new woodland would bring to the local area: increased biodiversity, climate mitigation, public amenity and recreation. Furthermore, we are seeking to integrate farming and forestry by 8.13 hectares (20.2 acres) as grazing for local farmers.

Land Use Institute Land Classification for Agriculture (1:50, 000 data). The holding was sold on the open market after the owner decided to end their farming career in Scotland. The conversion of the land to woodland would lead to the loss of two local farming jobs (previous owner and his son) although the owner is planning to either establish a new farming business in Northern Ireland or to retire.

The holding represents 1% Grade 4.1, 3% Grade 5.1, 1% Grade 6.2 and 0.2 % Grade 6.3 of land available for agriculture within a 10 km buffer of the site. -

While noting RPID's responses provided in due diligence, that the proposal would have an adverse impact on local patterns of agriculture, based on the above figures the loss of land for agriculture is not considered significant.

The applicant has retained 8.18 ha available for continued agricultural use to support a Young Farmer and existing farmers and exchanged a field with a neighbouring farmer to enable rationalisation of their operations.

			The proposed woodland would lead to continued albeit reduced rural employment during both the establishment and subsequent maintenance phases. However as the farm became available due to retirement/ relocation of the previous owner, this further reduces the direct impact on the local employment from this land use change.		
"We follow the	The Woodland Expansion Advisory Group	6/3/24 Noted	See above	Closed	Low
recommendations	report defines prime agricultural land as	- the WEAG			
of the Woodland	Grades 1, 2 and 3.1 using the MacCaulay	assessment			
Expansion Advisory	Land Use Institute Land Classification for	submitted			
Group report. This	Agriculture (page 44). East Nethershields	does not			
revised design will	contains no land of this grade. It contains	represent the			
still be classed as a	88.5 ha of Grade 4.1, 5.2 ha of Grade 5.1,	current			
large and on prime	1.1 ha of Grade 6.2 and 2.1 ha of Grade	proposal as it			
agricultural land as	6.3. Converting 96.92 ha to woodland	does not			
described on page	represents a very small loss of agricultural	shown the			
8. The majority of	production. We have retained 8.13 ha for	land retained			
the land proposed	livestock grazing and we have swapped one	in agriculture			
for planting is both	field with a neighbouring farmer to support	based on			
regionally and	their farming operations. Furthermore, the	subsequent			
locally important for	operations associated with the proposals	stakeholder			
agriculture, and the	will provide employment, boosting, not	discussion/			
proposals would	negatively impacting, the local rural	design			
have an adverse	economy.	changes -			
impact on local		also in the			

nottorne ef		table ob sum			1
patterns of		table shown			
agriculture. Taking		LCA within 10			
this land out of		km and in the			
agriculture would		scheme please			
have a negative		can you			
impact on the local		provide			
rural economy."		percentages			
(Senior Agricultural		and well as			
Officer, Rural		actual areas			
Payments and					
Services: email					
21/07/22)					
Neighbour does not	While agricultural production is, of course,	6/3/24 noted	See above	Closed	Low
support agricultural	very important, the need to increase tree	Impact on			
land being taken	cover on a national scale is widely	agricultural			
out of production	accepted; hence, the Scottish	production is			
and believes that	Government's aim of expanding the	considered			
land should be	country's tree cover from 19% to 21% by	else where in			
offered to	2032. This policy recognises the need to	issues log			
neighbouring	protect the high conservation areas and				
farmers first.	priority habitats and that there will be				
(Neighbour I: email	woodland creation projects on areas whose				
02/12/23)	traditional primary land use is agriculture.				
	This land lies within the Central Scotland				
	Green Network and has been designated by				
	the regulator, Scottish Forestry, as having				
	potential for woodland creation; therefore,				
	we believe the proposed woodland is				
	consistent with this policy. Nevertheless,				
	we are seeking to integrate farming and				
	forestry by retaining 8.13 hectares (20.2				
	acres) as grazing for local farmers.				
	1 7 3 3				

Objection to	The Regional Manager had not had direct	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	Low
productive forestry	control or input into the formulation of this				
and dismay that	proposal. We will not be including a				
Tilhill's Regional	productive timber crop due to safety				
Manager was	concerns associated with the access point				
unaware that there	considered for timber extraction.				
was going to be any					
commercial forestry					
in this woodland					
development and					
believed that it was					
all broadleaf					
planting.					
(Neighbour A: email					
25/08/22 [this is					
the email with the					
dismay about Tilhill					
management],					
email 18/12/22					
reference points 1.7					
and 2.01.03,					
2.01.08, 2.02.03,					
asks for a rationale					
for incorporating					
productive forestry					
within the design,					
and email 22/12/22					
reference point 3,					
and email					
06/02/23;					
Neighbour A: email					
03/04/24)					

Suggestion that woodland creation is more suitable in other less sensitive areas of Scotland, Scottish Governments aims to increase Woodland is not a strong argument for developing areas of high sensitivity where the current landscape amenity may be changed. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference	The landscape around East Nethershields is identified as Plateau Farmland – Glasgow & Clyde Valley (NatureScot "Scottish Landscape Character Types Map), a feature of which is listed as limited and declining tree cover. The Forestry and Woodland Strategy for Glasgow City Region (2020) identifies the area as "preferred" for woodland creation. In this way, the local landscape has been highlighted as a desirable place to grow trees.	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	Low
Request for woodland management objectives to be clarified (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference points 2.01.05 and 2.02.05, and email 22/12/22 reference point 4, and email	These were clarified in the meeting at the neighbour's house on 26/01/23 and also in the consultation letter dated 21/06/23.	6/3/24 Noted	No Mitigation required	closed	N/A

06/02/23)					
Neighbour concerned about changing land use from productive dairy and sheep to trees. (Neighbour E: email 01/05/23)	The majority of the land within the East Nethershields boundary is Grade 4.1 farmland – land which is capable of growing a narrow range of crops and is primarily used for grazing. The proposed land use change would have a very small impact on local agricultural production (0.45% change to the available agricultural land within 10km, and 0.001% across the available agricultural land in Scotland), and it is in line with the Scottish Government's aim of increasing woodland cover in Scotland from 19% to 21% by 2032 (Forestry Strategy, 2019). These minor losses are mitigated by the benefits a new woodland would bring to the local area: increased biodiversity, climate mitigation, public amenity and recreation. Furthermore, we are seeking to integrate farming and forestry by retaining 8.13 hectares (20.2 acres) as grazing for local farmers.	6/3/24 noted Impact on agricultural production is considered else where in issues log	See mitigation details above	Closed	Low
Neighbour concerned that the commercial forestry operational plans could change if the woodland changes ownership before harvest.	Scottish Forestry (the industry regulator) oversees forest management plans and operations, so a change of landowner would not enable a change of plans without the approval of Scottish Forestry.	6/3/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A

(Neighbour E: email					
01/05/23)					
Neighbour	The landowner has exchanged field 11 with	6/3/24	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
requested to	the neighbour in question to accommodate	Noted- please			
purchase field 11	this request. Field 3 is retained within the	can you			
(2.98 acres) and	current ownership.	ensure this			
field 3 (1.21 acres)		change is			
so that they could		noted in the			
maintain grazing		relevant maps			
adjacent to their		and sections			
property.		of the issues			
(Neighbour C: email		log			
11/08/22 and email					
18/11/22)		7/5/24			
		changes			
		undertaken			
		16/7/24			
		changes to			
		fence line			
		after public			
		consultation			
		has enable			
		grazing by			
		this neighbour			
		of 0.88 ha			
Neighbour raised	Neighbours will be informed of forestry	6/3/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
concern about	operations, which will be conducted in a	Please update			
planting commercial	way that is both sensitive to the landscape	if required			
woodland close to	and the access rights of residents.				
residents.					

(Neighbour F: email 25/08/23)					
Neighbour	The government's advisory board, the	6/3/24 noted	See mitigation details above	Closed	Low
concerned about	Committee on Climate Change, has advised	Impact on	See miligation details above	Closed	LOW
changing the land	that 22% of land in traditional agricultural	agricultural			
use as the land has	production should be released for long-	production is			
been agricultural for	term carbon sequestration to meet the	considered			
over 100 years.	government's net zero target (p.30, 'Land	else where in			
(Neighbour F: email	use: Policies for a Net Zero UK' (2020)	issues log			
25/08/23)	Committee on Climate Change). This land	155465 109			
	is highlighted in the local tree and				
	woodland strategy as being a preferred				
	location for growing trees.				
A neighbour objects	Government funding is available to	6/3/24 noted	No mitigation required matter	Closed	N/A
to London based	individuals and organisations to carry out	, ,	not relevant to forestry		,
property developers	actions which meet national policy. Our		regulation		
buying up farmland	client is delivering two important policy				
in Scotland to offset	objectives: the development of housing				
their carbon	and public spaces and increasing national				
emissions to build	tree cover. This woodland will be accredited				
homes in London,	by the Woodland Carbon Code, which				
whilst obtaining	carefully regulates the creation and				
large grants from	reporting of new woodlands. Mandatory				
the Scottish	greenhouse gas emissions reporting				
government paid	guidance (PAS 2060: Specification for the				
for by the Scottish	Demonstration of Carbon Neutrality) regulates				
tax payer	organisations' claims of carbon neutrality and the				
(Neighbour F: email	use of Woodland Carbon Units gained from				
25/08/23)	creating an accredited woodland.				
A neighbour	We will not be including a productive	6/3/24 noted	No mitigation required matter	Closed	N/A
believes Sitka	timber crop due to safety concerns		not relevant to forestry		

spruce should only	associated with the access point considered		regulation		
be planted in the	for timber extraction.				
Scottish hills and					
not farmland.					
(Neighbour F: email					
25/08/23)					
Neighbour is	Soil and condition surveys have indicated	7/5/24 -	The selection of appropriate	Closed	Low
concerned that the	that with careful species selection, ground	noted	species/ native woodland types		
site may not be	preparation and annual maintenance, the		has been informed by the use		
suitable for growing	site will grow a healthy woodland.	Assessment of	of site specific Ecological Site		
trees. Citing soil		suitability of	classification analysis. The		
type, peat,		woodland	analysis has shown that the		
weather, and water		creation	site would be suitable for W4,		
as reasons to be		proposal is	W11, W17 and W18 woodland.		
concerned.		undertaken as	The proposed species selection		
(Neighbour A: email		part the	and design reflects this analysis		
21/02/24)		overall	with species mixes being		
		assessment	adjusted to reflect local site		
		process	conditions.		
Neighbour feels the	Please see the landscape survey report	7/5/24 -	See landscape mitigation above	Closed	Low
historical land use	which details the positive impact the	noted			
for the site is	woodland will have on the landscape.				
farming and not					
woodland and					
believes that					
"reinstating the					
Caledonian Forest					
in this location is a					
complete					
misrepresentation					
of the historic					
landscape".					

(Neighbour A: email					
21/02/24)					
Neighbour A asked	The landowner had stated that it would be	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Tilhill to, 'confirm	desirable to be able to use their timber in				
your previous	their own developments. They never stated				
statement that this	that this would be its only use. We will not				
STR is planned for	be including a productive timber crop due				
the sole use of the	to safety concerns associated with the				
London Property	access point considered for timber				
Developer'	extraction.				
(Neighbour A: email					
03/04/24).					
Neighbour asked	Scottish Forestry's grant system allows for	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
why Scots pine is	5% of broadleaf woodlands to comprise				
part of the	Scots pine in recognition of their natural				
broadleaf woodland,	occurrence in the Scottish landscape. They				
in what design they	will be planted throughout the design in				
will be planted,	small clusters; they will not be felled.				
where they will be					
located and					
whether they will be					
felled (Neighbour A:					
email 03/04/24).					
Neighbour asked	The site is 96.92 ha and 68.55 ha will be	16/7/24			
about how much of	planted, leaving 28.37 ha as open ground;	please			
the site will not be	12.1 ha of this open ground will be classed	updated post			
planted (Neighbour	as Designed Open Ground to complement	consultation			
A: email 03/04/24).	the planted areas and the remaining 16.27				
	ha will remain as unplantable land,				
	comprising 5.8 ha of deep peat, 8.13 ha of				
	livestock grazing, and 2.34 ha of non-grant				
	aided land managed for biodiversity.				

Neighbour asked for guarantees that the new landowner will continue to own the site and be responsible for the management of the woodland (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	The landowner has no plans to sell the site. It is not possible to guarantee the length of ownership.	7/5/24 Noted	No mitigation required	Closed	N/A
Process					
Neighbour found it difficult to contact Tilhill staff via the telephone numbers listed at the bottom of the initial letter. (Neighbour A: email 23/08/22)	We are sorry that this neighbour struggled to make contact with Tilhill staff via telephone. If Tilhill staff are unable to answer their telephones when stakeholders telephone, if a message is left on the answerphone, then we will endeavour to return your call within two working days.	6/3/24 Noted			
Early consultation documents were issued during the summer holiday. (Neighbour A: email 23/08/22, and Neighbour C: email 22/06/23)	We feel that five weeks is appropriate duration for a consultation even during the summer period.	6/3/24 Noted in addition further opportunity for stakeholder responses was provided in June 2023			
No circulation of Issues Log during scoping consultation	This is a scoping consultation from which it is intended that the Issues Log would be created.	6/3/24 Noted			

(Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, and email 18/12/22 reference point 1.4) This is a scoping consultation to identify the key factors that should be considered within the woodland creation proposal. Responses from stakeholders are to be considered and used to form the proposal, which will outline all these details. This is a scoping consultation to identify the key factors that should be considered within the woodland creation proposal. Responses from stakeholders are to be considered and used to form the proposal, which will outline all these details. This is a scoping consultation to identify the key factors that should be considered within the woodland creation proposal. Responses from stakeholders are to be considered and used to form the proposal, which will outline all these details. This is a scoping consultation to identify the key factors that should be considered within the woodland creation proposal. Responses from stakeholders are to be considered within the body and the woodland creation. Response from the proposal, which will outline all these details.	(Noighbour A				
and email 18/12/22 reference point 1.4) Lack of clarity on management objectives, site constraints, potential impacts, road safety, transport access, clear overview of woodland type, sensitivities of site, landscape appraisal, and other requirements of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/23 Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposals of the proposal series of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal standards for a gagement processes for a town hall meeting, but due to local interest, we met	` -				
reference point 1.4) Lack of clarity on management objectives, site constraints, proad safety, transport access, clear overview of woodland type, sensitivities of site, landscape appraisal, and other requirements of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 0.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a "Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposals of the proposal of th					
Lack of clarity on management objectives, site constraints, potential impacts, road safety, transport access, clear overview of woodland type, sensitivities of site, landscape appraisal, and other requirements of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1.8 end 2.01.02, 0.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1.8 end 2.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1.8 end 2.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02, 0.01.02					
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sensitivities of site, landscape appraisal, and other requirements of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal datails and isometing, but due to local interest, we met	clear overview of				
landscape appraisal, and other requirements of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and locates and lo	woodland type,				
and other requirements of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues There is no specific requirement within engagement processes for a town hall meeting, but due to local interest, we met	sensitivities of site,				
requirements of the guidance and standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues the p	landscape appraisal,				
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standards for woodland creation. (Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and increase. There is no specific requirement within engagement processes for a town hall meeting, but due to local interest, we met	requirements of the				
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(Neighbour A: emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues	standards for				
emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues	woodland creation.				
emails 23/08/22, 18/12/23 reference point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues	(Neighbour A:				
point 1.8 and 2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues Meeting, but due to local interest, we met	emails 23/08/22,				
2.01.02, 2.01.05, 9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and increase meeting, but due to local interest, we met	-				
9.6, 22/12/22 reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to engagement processes for a town hall meeting, but due to local interest, we met					
reference point 1, 2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues details and issues					
2, 4 & 6, and 06/02/23) Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to engagement processes for a town hall share the proposal details and issues details and issues					
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Request for a 'Town Hall Meeting' to share the proposal details and issues There is no specific requirement within engagement processes for a town hall meeting, but due to local interest, we met					
Hall Meeting' to engagement processes for a town hall meeting, but due to local interest, we met		There is no specific requirement within	6/3/24 Noted		
share the proposal meeting, but due to local interest, we met	•	·			
dotaile and iscuse					
WICH CHE TOCAL COMMUNICITY COUNCIL WHICH	details and issues	with the local community council where			

1 1 11 11 11				
recorded within the	proposals were presented and discussed at			
Issues Log.	a monthly meeting.			
(Neighbour A:				
emails 23/08/22,				
16/12/22, 18/12/22				
reference point 1.5,				
and 19/12/22)				
Request for a full	It would not be appropriate to share the	6/3/24 agreed		
list of all consultees	details of stakeholders with an individual.	Scottish		
and neighbours	Scottish Forestry will have sight of all these	Forestry have		
engaged and issued	details when assessing our application.	reviewed the		
with the scoping	actails international approaches.	stakeholder		
consultation		list a		
documents.		IISL d		
(Neighbour A:				
emails 23/08/22,				
16/12/22, and				
18/12/22 reference				
points 1.3 and				
2.01.04)	All I	6 /2 /2 4 N		
Complaint that an	All documentation was released to	6/3/24 Noted		
individual was not	stakeholders at the same time to ensure			
provided with an	fairness and consistency.			
advance copy of the				
Issues Log.				
(Neighbour A: email				
18/12/22 reference				
point 1.4)	NA/- distribute dilettere i	C /2 /2 4 N		
Concern about the	We distributed letters to properties	6/3/24 Noted		
thoroughness of the	adjacent to the woodland site. Consulting	- Scottish		
neighbour stakeholder	all road users and the entire local	Forestry have		
information	population is not feasible, so we consulted	been provided		
	the two local community councils who	with maps		
distribution.	represent the community's interests.	showing the		
(Neighbour A:	Topi coone the community o meer cotor	S.I.SWIIII G GIIC		

emails 23/08/22,	Scottich Forestry have been provided with	proportios		
18/12/22 reference	Scottish Forestry have been provided with	properties		
point 1.10,	detailed information concerning who has	who received		
07/01/23, and	been contacted about our proposal.	letters and at		
23/12/23)		which point of		
25/12/25)		the process		
		these letters		
		were received		
Complaint that not	It is our understanding that the Issues Log	6/3/24 Agreed		
all issues raised by	comprises matters pertaining to the			
neighbours have	woodland proposal and not matters of			
been recorded in	consultation process. We have sought			
the Issues Log.	advice from the Scottish Forestry Woodland			
	Officer as to whether matters of process			
(Neighbour A:	should be included in future versions of the			
emails 16/12/22,				
18/12/22, reference	Issues Log. These issues are not typically			
point 1.1, 22/12/22,	included in Forestry Grant Scheme Issues			
06/02/23,	Logs, but we have now included issues of			
25/02/23,	process to demonstrate additional			
03/03/23,	transparency.			
06/03/23,				
14/03/23,				
26/03/26,				
19/06/23,				
25/07/23;				
Neighbour E: email				
01/05/23;				
Neighbour C: email				
22/06/23)		6/2/24 N		
Complaint that the	We acknowledge this error of including	6/3/24 Noted		
names and addresses of	these details in the Issues Log. This was			
neighbours were	reported to Scottish Forestry and Tilhill's			
included in the	Data Protection Officer. We followed all			
included in the	advice given in response to minimise			

Issues Log that was distributed to other stakeholders. (Neighbour A: emails 16/12/22, 18/12/22 reference points 1.2 and 2.07.04)	impact. All future correspondence will be anonymised accordingly. An anonymised list of stakeholders who received this information was provided to the neighbour who requested this information.			
A request was made to receive a list of all stakeholders who received this information. (Neighbour A: emails 03/02/23 and 06/02/23)	The scale of this incident was assessed and reported to Scottish Forestry and Tilhill's Data Protection Officer. We followed all advice given in response to minimise impact. All future correspondence will be anonymised accordingly.			
Neighbour also concerned that Tilhill have not been able to determine what scale names and addresses have been breached (Neighbour A: email 06/03/23)				
Complaint that the initial scoping information was not clearly communicated as being a scoping consultation. (Neighbour A: email	This point was clarified with the complainant in subsequent information, and the following consultation documentation was clearly titled 'formal consultation'.	6/3/24 Noted although Scottish Forestry would consider this stage of the		

18/12/22 reference		process to be		
point 1.6)		stakeholder		
point 1.0)				
		engagement		
		or due		
		diligence		
Complaint that	The consultation period of four weeks is	6/3/24 Noted		
insufficient time has been allowed for	consistent with public consultation practice.	in addition		
the consultation.		further		
(Neighbour A:		opportunity		
emails 18/12/22,		for		
10/01/23, and		stakeholder		
25/02/23)		responses was		
23/02/23)		provided in		
		June 2023		
Neighbour	The map issued at this stage of the	6/3/24 Noted		
commented that he	consultation highlighted that stakeholder			
is unable to	comments had been incorporated into the			
understand the	design. Earlier designs were not shared			
changes made to	publicly as they were part of an iterative			
the design, to which	design process in which maps were in draft			
are referred in	format and not for distribution.			
Tilhill's letter dated				
11/11/22, because				
he had not received				
previous versions of				
the design.				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 18/12/22,				
reference point				
2.01.07, and				
26/03/23)				
20/03/23)				

Request to view all	All surveys and reports are now publicly	6/3/24 Noted		
reports conducted	accessible on the Tilhill public consultation			
in relation to the	webpage: https://www.tilhill.com/east-			
woodland proposal.	nethershields/			
(Neighbour A: email				
18/12/22, reference				
point 2.01.07)				
Neighbour felt	The nature of the scoping stage of the	6/3/24 Noted		
misled by the	application process is that the design	along with the		
amount of	changes in response to stakeholder input	change in		
commercial	and therefore the exact proportions of	composition of		
woodland being	productive and non-productive elements is	the proposal		
proposed. Stating	subject to change. Having received	as the agent		
the information was	stakeholder comments and survey	has worked		
not clear in the	information, we have submitted a final	through the		
initial letter, map,	design as part of our application. This	issues		
and after a phone	should clarify the final species composition			
call on 23/08/2022	and objectives of the woodland.			
and after a site visit				
in spring 2023.				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 18/12/22,				
reference point 1.7				
and 2.01.03,				
22/12/22 reference				
points 2 & 3, and				
11/04/23)				
Neighbour	While many woodland creation projects are	6/3/24 Noted		
concerned that this	rural places, this is an opportunity to create			
woodland creation	woodland closer to urban development for			
project is not	the use and enjoyment of local people. The			
normal due to high	forestry grant system recognises the			

number of neighbouring dwellings. (Neighbour A: emails 18/12/22, and 25/07/23; Neighbour A: email 03/04/24) Neighbour requested information on benefits to the local area for access to nature, employment, public amenity, recreation, and sustainable timber supply. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/11 reference point 2.03.02)	benefits of woodlands close to urban areas by providing additional funding for projects in these areas. Other examples of initiatives to plant trees close to urban areas include the Clyde Climate Forest, the Northern Forest (in and around Liverpool, Manchester, Leeds, Sheffield and Hull) and the National Forest (near Birmingham). Rides (grass tracks) within the woodland design will enable visitors to access the site more freely than the current access, which is limited due to agricultural activity. The site will employ forestry workers for five years of establishment and maintenance works, which will be followed by ongoing maintenance in years to come; all of these works will be managed by the local Tilhill forestry team. The amenity of trees is widely regarded – the value of which has been estimated in research such as this: https://www.forestresearch.gov.uk/research/estimating-amenity-values-of-street-trees-and-woodland-views-amethodological-review/	6/3/24 Noted Depending on final design these response may need amending re productivity		
Neighbour commented that he was surprised that Tilhill did not manage to obtain information on livestock location.	The information needed to increase the detail of our analysis would have required information pertaining to the type of livestock kept on each grade of agricultural land within 10km of East Nethershields. Unfortunately, the agricultural census does	6/3/24 Noted This approach is the same as other similar agricultural assessments		6/3/24 Noted

(Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.03.03)	not go into this level of detail, so we were unable to conduct a more detailed analysis than the one outlined in the agricultural report.			
Neighbour requested contact information for the Council Officer who conducted the road safety review dated 12/10/22. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.05.01)	Scottish Forestry will review our consultation process as part of our application. This will include details of stakeholders consulted; it is not appropriate to share this information with other stakeholders.	6/3/24 agreed		
Neighbour has requested the road safety review brief/instruction provide by Tilhill to Stewart Paton Associates (Neighbour A: 18/12/22 reference point 2.05.02)	As above; this information is for Scottish Forestry to review.	6/3/24 agreed		
Neighbour concerned that the road safety review was conducted during low traffic times (10:30 – 11:30), the review did not assess all road safety concerns, and that 1 hour would not be a robust enough	The road safety review was instructed to assess the impact of the design on visibility splays, for which an hour was sufficient for the inspector to gather the necessary information.	6/3/24 Noted		

review. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.05.03)				
Neighbour concerned that road safety review does not refer to Plot 2 location. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.05.10)	The woodland design at East Nethershields affects one residential junction where we have ensured the visibility splay requirement of 215m. A road safety review was not needed to help us achieve this requirement in this part of the site.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour concerned that the Issues Log received in November 2022 did not include all the issues raised. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.01)	It is our understanding that the Issues Log comprises matters pertaining to the woodland proposal and not matters of consultation process. We have sought advice from the Scottish Forestry Woodland Officer as to whether matters of process should be included in future versions of the Issues Log. These issues are not typically included in Forestry Grant Scheme Issues Logs, but we have now included issues of process to demonstrate additional transparency.	6/3/24 agreed		
Tilhill's response to the road safety issue raised by a neighbour did not satisfy the neighbour. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.02)	We believe we have addressed the road safety issues by employing a road safety surveyor to assess the areas of concern, and by presenting these concerns and our mitigations to the Council's roads department and Scottish Forestry.	6/3/24 Noted		

Neighbour does not believe their issues are being effectively dealt with by Tilhill. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.03)	We strive to address issues as effectively and professionally as possible, and we welcome feedback if stakeholders feel that if anything has been addressed satisfactorily so we can continue to improve our service.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour requested survey evidence to support Tilhill's statement that there will not be a noticeable increase in public access to field 11. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.04)	No longer relevant as field 11 has been exchanged for a different parcel of land.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour requested information on what areas of soil have been probed. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.05)	Please see the soil survey for details.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour requested a detailed method statement on the management and cultivation of the commercial woodland including HGV access, forest road design, a	Details of the woodland establishment, maintenance and future operations are outlined in our application which is publicly available on the Public Register.	6/3/24 Noted Please update if required depending on final design		

calendar of events for commercial woodland management including planting and felling. (Neighbour A: emails 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.07, 9.6, 22/03/23, and 11/04/23) Neighbour requested plans for maintaining fencing and hedges on Burn Road (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 2.06.07)	All external hedges will be cut every three years to maintain habitat through increased flowering and better form. Roadside hedges will be monitored during forest management visits. Additional maintenance will be carried out outside of the three-year management plan if needed to ensure road visibility.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour asked if the landowner will be applying for grant support for the woodland's development. (Neighbour A: email 18/12/22 reference point 3.01)	Yes, this application process is seeking to gain funding from the Forestry Grant Scheme.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour is asked if the FCS officer has been part of the distribution of the consultation	No Scottish Forestry officer was part of the distribution of consultation information, but a Scottish Forestry Technical Officer was contacted about consultee details in July 2022 and the local Woodland Officer has	6/3/24 Noted		

information.	been involved in this case since December			
(Neighbour A: email	2022.			
18/12/22 reference				
point 3.02)				
Neighbour asked	This information is for Scottish Forestry to	6/3/24 Noted		
which stakeholders,	review as part of the application process.			
local organisations,				
and community				
groups the FCS officer				
recommended be				
included in the				
consultation and if				
Tilhill have followed				
their advice.				
(Neighbour A: email				
18/12/22 reference				
point 3.03)				
Neighbour asked if	Not at the time of this query, but one was	6/3/24 Noted		
there had been a	conducted in January 2023.			
site visit with the				
FCS Officer.				
(Neighbour A: email				
18/12/22, reference point 9.4)				
Neighbour enquired	The site visit with the Woodland Officer is	6/3/24 Noted		
if there was going	the key consultee site visit expected from	It would be		
to be a site visit	·	for		
with key	Scottish Forestry as part of the application	_		
consultees.	process.	stakeholders		
(Neighbour A: email		/consultees to		
18/12/22 reference		undertaken		
point 9.5)		their own		
		visits should		
		they wish to		
		do so to		

		inform their		
		responses		
Neighbour requested a draft landscape appraisal. (Neighbour A: emails 18/12/22 reference point 9.7, and 22/12/22	A landscape survey was conducted (see report for details).	6/3/24 Noted		
reference point 7.)				
Neighbour considered "communication through the Issue Log has very limited value, misleading, and is not compliant with the requirements of the woodland application process." (Neighbour A: email 25/02/23)	Scottish Forestry will review our communication through the Issues Log as part of the application review.	6/3/24 agreed - the current issues log provides significant details in relation to detailing individual issues and stakeholder who have raised them		
Neighbour requested further details on the size of the mature woodland to allow their concerns to be fully assessed and mitigated. (Neighbour A: email 22/03/23)	Please see the woodland design map to see the size of the woodland.	6/3/24 Noted the landscape report also provides details on final tree heights used for visualisations		
Neighbour was	This stage of the consultation had ended,	6/3/24 Noted		

		1	ı	
disappointed that	and our staff needed time to review the			
Tilhill was	comments received and adapt plans			
discontinuing	accordingly.			
conversation	2000.2			
regarding matters				
already discussed				
up to 24/03/23.				
(Neighbour A: email				
26/03/23)				
Neighbour felt	Tilhill provided this information (27/03/23).	6/3/24 Noted		
disrespected that				
Tilhill did not				
provide the name of				
the landscape				
architect visiting				
their property.				
(Neighbour A: email				
26/03/23)				
Neighbour was	We have shared all surveys and the Issues	6/3/24 Noted		
concerned that the	Log with stakeholders. We have written to			
process has not	neighbours for comments on three			
been transparent	occasions, met with certain neighbours at			
(Neighbour A:	their properties several times, and we have			
emails 18/12/22,	· · ·			
07/01/23,	attended a community council meeting.			
06/01/23,				
14/03/23,				
26/03/23,				
27/03/23, and				
11/04/23)				
Neighbour	This information is for Scottish Forestry to	6/3/24 agreed		
requested guidance	review as part of the application process.			
information				
provided to the				
person conducting				
the landscape				

-				
assessment.				
Specifically				
requesting the				
version and dates of				
documentation.				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 27/03/23,				
11/04/23,				
24/05/23,				
08/03/23)				
Regarding the	The components of the landscape that are likely to be	6/3/24 Noted		
landscape	affected by the proposal.			
assessment, a				
neighbour				
requested				
clarification on what				
is meant by the				
term "visual				
receptors".				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 27/03/23,				
and 11/04/23)				
Neighbour	Please see the landscape report for details.	6/3/24 Noted		
requested the				
location of				
viewpoints being				
considered under				
the landscape				
assessment.				
(Neighbour A: email				
27/03/23)				
Neighbour stated	The landscape architect took into consideration the			
that three	views from all properties neighbouring the site but			
properties at Lot 1	visited the residents of properties where specific			
were visited by the	concern had been raised.			
landscape architect				

(Neighbour A: email				
03/04/24).				
		C/2/24 Natad		
Regarding the	Constraints are elements that reduce functionality or	6/3/24 Noted		
landscape	aesthetics. Opportunities are elements in or near the			
assessment, a	site that offer a positive addition or emphasis to the			
neighbour	landscape. Please see the landscape report for			
requested what is	further details.			
meant by	Turtilei details.			
"landscape				
constraints and				
potentials".				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 27/03/23,				
and 11/04/23)				
Neighbour	Please see the landscape report for details. A separate	6/3/24 Noted		
requested	overshadowing assessment was conducted (see			
information on what	report for details).			
is included in a	report for details).			
landform analysis,				
specifically if it				
includes daylight/				
sunlight analysis.				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 27/03/23,				
and 08/03/23)				
Regarding the	Landscape fit is what is judged to suit or	6/3/24 Noted		
landscape analysis,	complement the current landscape			
a neighbour	character.			
requested what is	Character.			
meant by the term				
"landscape fit".				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 27/03/23,				
and 11/04/23)				
Neighbour	Please see the landscape report for details.	6/3/24 Noted		
requested access to		, 5, 2		

		T	1	
the Landscape				
Assessment and				
Statement and				
imagery as part of				
the due diligence				
stage.				
(Neighbour A: email				
27/03/23)				
Neighbour enquired	Please see the landscape report for the scope of the	6/3/24 Noted		
if the landscape	survey.			
assessment will				
include analysis of				
historical/ existing				
land use, access,				
road safety, human				
welfare and mental				
health, fire risk,				
effects on other				
land/ assets, effects				
on adjacent				
renewables, views				
following				
cultivation, risk to				
utility assets.				
(Neighbour A:				
emails 27/03/23,				
and 11/04/23)				
Neighbour	We aim to release documentation to	6/3/24 Noted		
requested access to	stakeholders at the same time to ensure			
maps prior to them	fairness and consistency.			
being released to	′			
the public for				
consultation.				
(Neighbour A: email				
27/03/23)				
Neighbour	The landscape architect received all official	6/3/24 Noted		

concerned that the Landscape Architect did not have a full briefing on all the issues before conducting the landscape analysis. (Neighbour A: email 11/04/23)	documentation relating to the woodland proposal prior to conducting his survey. He also met with neighbours who had raised landscape concerns so he could gain a full understanding of the local context.			
Tilhill have not distributed the Issues Log for stakeholders to review and agree that all the issues raised to date have now been included for response and mitigation. (Neighbour A: 25/05/23)	We had been updating and reviewing the Issues Log between consultation periods. It was subsequently distributed to stakeholders in the next stage of consultation in June 2023, and it is available again, now, as part of our application.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour requested to receive a list of people in the community with whom Tilhill have communicated. (Neighbour A: 25/05/23)	This information is sensitive and not for general circulation. Scottish Forestry will review this information as part of the application process.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour requested to know when Tilhill is meeting with the Community Council. (Neighbour A:	This information was for the Community Council to advertise to its members.	6/3/24 Noted		

25/05/23)				
Neighbour requested to meet the landowner. (Neighbour A: 25/05/23)	Tilhill is employed to represent the landowner.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour complained that they have not received responses from Tilhill to emails since March. (Neighbour A: 24/05/23)	At this stage of the consultation, it was agreed with Scottish Forestry that they would be better placed to respond to issues raised by this neighbour (see email to Neighbour A dated 24/03/2023).	6/3/24 Noted Due to a change of SF staff the reason for this decision is not clear as normally it is the agent/ applicant who engages with stakeholders during this stage of the process		
Neighbour complained that they have not received answers to all the issues they have raised since December. (Neighbour A: 25/05/23)	It has taken us considerable time to review and respond to each of these issues, which are now addressed in this latest version of the Issues Log.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour requested documentation in relation to	The referenced guidance, the UK Forestry Standard, is publicly available online: https://www.gov.uk/government/publicatio	6/3/24 Noted		

landscape design guidance, which was referred to by the landscape architect when visiting Property A. (Neighbour A: 25/05/23) Neighbour requested to know when stakeholders would receive the landscape report and visualisations.	At the time of this request, we did not know the exact timescale for the landscape architect to complete his report. The report and visualisations were shared with stakeholders at the next stage of the	6/3/24 Noted		
(Neighbour A: 25/05/23) Neighbour complained that Tilhill have not been transparent with regards to the list of documents issued to stakeholders. (Neighbour A: 25/05/23)	Key information and surveys have been distributed directly to stakeholders as well as being made publicly available on the consultation webpage (https://www.tilhill.com/east-nethershields/) This information is for Scottish Forestry to review as part of the application process.	6/3/24 Noted		
Neighbour requested the latest version of the Issues Log. (Neighbour A: 19/06/23)	We had been updating and reviewing the Issues Log between consultation periods. It was subsequently distributed to stakeholders in the next stage of consultation on 21st June 2023, and it is available again, now, as part of our application.	6/3/24 Noted		
All residents of the	We have consulted Chapelton and	6/3/24 Noted		

village of Chapelton have not been informed of the proposal. (Neighbour A: email 25/07/23)	Auldhouse and Strathaven Community Councils whose purpose is to represent their communities.	- The use of a community council to communicate to wider residents not directly affect by a proposal is an approach often taken
Neighbour raised concerns that the landscape architect will visit the property outwith the morning and early afternoon when they believe the significant impact on his property will occur. (Neighbour A: email 08/03/23)	The overshadowing assessment assessed the impact that the woodland would have at different times of day throughout the year.	6/3/24 Noted
Neighbour stated that Tilhill had not responded to the concerns he raised. (Neighbour E: email 25/05/23)	We were still reviewing issues and adapting the plan accordingly in between the consultation periods. Responses and further information were provided the following month in June 2023.	6/3/24 Noted
Neighbour concerned about the lack of communication from Tilhill.	We were still reviewing issues and adapting the plan accordingly in between the consultation periods. Responses and further information were provided the	6/3/24 Noted

(Neighbour E: email 18/06/23)	following month in June 2023.		
Neighbour requested access to updated issues log. (Neighbour A: email 16/01/2024)	The issues log will be publicly available when the application is submitted to the Public Register.		
Neighbour highlighted that they believe other parties have been approached about the use of the land adjacent to their property while they have been excluded. (Neighbour A: email 16/01/24; Neighbour A: email 03/04/24)	The area of land in question is to remain in agricultural use. The landowner wishes to provide this land as an opportunity to a for a young farmer to graze livestock. Accordingly, the local Young Farmers group have been contacted.		
Neighbour enquired why images were presented showing trees the height of what they would be predicted to be after 40 years of growth. They went on to enquire if Tilhill will correct this misrepresentation. (Neighbour A: email 16/01/24)	The visualisations show the trees at 40 years' old which is the standard stage of maturity that forestry proposals are assessed.		
Neighbour asked for	The height of the trees presented at 40		

evidence of this tree height at 40 years' time. (Neighbour A: email 16/01/24)	years' time is an estimate agreed between Tilhill and Scottish Forestry based on professional silvicultural knowledge and the performance of trees within the local area.		
Neighbour A asked, 'Based on your comments under N.B. are you stating that the trees in this location may not grow to their full potential due to a number of "influences". If so, can you please provide evidence of how this has been reflected and calculated in the carbon model being used by yourself and SF?' (Neighbour A: email 16/01/24)	Yield class (the growth potential of a species on a site), not tree height, is not used for carbon calculations. Conservative estimates for each species' yield class have been incorporated into the carbon calculator. The carbon stock of the woodland will be verified by the Woodland Carbon Code. For further information, please see https://woodlandcarboncode.org.uk/.		
Neighbour A asked, 'With all the knowledge and confidence you have with this woodland location, why is there such a caveat on the success of this woodland growing to its design maturity?'	We have no reason to doubt the woodland will grow to its design maturity.		

(Neighbour A: email 16/01/24)			
Neighbour enquired when they will be issued with the latest copy of the issues log. (Neighbour A: email 31/01/24; Neighbour A: email	The issues log will be publicly available when the application is submitted to the Public Register.		
03/04/24) Neighbour enquired if Tilhill will reissue the Landscape Report correcting the misrepresentation	The visualisations show the trees at 40 years' old which is the standard stage of maturity that forestry proposals are assessed.		
in tree size. (Neighbour A: email 31/01/24) Neighbour asked	We do not intend to build a forest road, but		
when an application for forest tracks/ roads will be submitted to SLC Planning Authority. (Neighbour A: email 31/01/24)	we will add Type 1 stone to key access points and tracks to protect the ground. We will not be including a productive timber crop due to safety concerns associated with the access point considered for timber extraction.		
Neighbour asked for information about access points and forest roads (Neighbour A: email 03/04/24).	Access points and rides are indicated on the design map. We do not intend to build a forest road.		
Neighbour	We will update neighbours on a timeline of		

	anavations if the application is approved. The			
requesting a	operations if the application is approved. It	<u> </u>		
timeline of events	is not possible to provide an accurate	<u> </u>		
for the future of this	timeline until this point.	<u> </u>		
application.	·	<u> </u>		
(Neighbour A: email		<u> </u>		
31/01/24)				
Neighbour enquired	The application will be available for all to	<u> </u>		
whether there will	comment when it is submitted to the Public	<u> </u>		
be further	Register.			
engagement with	Register:	<u> </u>		
the three		<u> </u>		
community groups		<u>'</u>		
that border the		<u> </u>		
woodland creation		<u>'</u>		
site.		<u> </u>		
(Neighbour A: email		<u> </u>		
31/01/24)		<u> </u>		
Neighbour made a	The area of land in question is to remain in			
request "With	•	<u> </u>		
regards to the	agricultural use. The landowner wishes to	<u> </u>		
information you	provide this land as an opportunity to a for	<u> </u>		
have been issuing	a young farmer to graze livestock.	<u> </u>		
to others within the	Accordingly, the local Young Farmers group	<u> </u>		
farming community,	have been contacted.	<u>'</u>		
can you please		<u> </u>		
advise when the		<u>'</u>		
key Stakeholders		<u> </u>		
are going to be		<u>'</u>		
		<u> </u>		
issued with this				
information? Also,		<u> </u>		
are you planning to				
contact your				
neighbours to have				
the same discussion				
on the use of the				
land directly				

adjacent to their properties." (Neighbour A: email 31/01/24)			
Neighbour has requested evidence of the amount of carbon that the woodland creation project will sequester. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	The woodland will be accredited by the Woodland Carbon Code. This standard will independently verify the carbon units. For further information, please see: https://woodlandcarboncode.org.uk/standard-and-guidance		
Neighbour requested a full biodiversity report and evidence of the increased biodiversity expected as a result of the woodland. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	Please see the ecology report which is publicly available at https://www.tilhill.com/east-nethershields/		
Neighbour has requested a report on the impact on people and animals due to a potential increase in midges due to the woodland creation. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	This is not a requirement for Forestry Grant Scheme applications.		
Neighbour has asked Tilhill what	This is not a requirement for Forestry Grant		

	6.1		
percentage of local	Scheme applications.		
residents want			
trees in this			
greenspace. They			
request that Tilhill			
provides evidence			
to support this			
figure.			
(Neighbour A: email			
21/02/24)			
Neighbour has	We will not be including a productive		
enquired what	timber crop due to safety concerns		
proportion of	associated with the access point considered		
Scottish timber will	•		
be provided from	for timber extraction.		
the commercial			
conifer planted on			
the site.			
(Neighbour A: email			
21/02/24)			
Neighbour is	The landscape architect visited the site and		
concerned that the	took particular note of viewpoints		
Landscape Architect	highlighted by neighbours. He has provided		
views it acceptable	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
to ignore	a professional assessment of the proposal.		
neighbours,			
stakeholders, and			
community			
concerns.			
(Neighbour A: email			
21/02/24)			
Neighbour is	All surveys are available on our website:		
concerned that the	https://www.tilhill.com/east-nethershields/		
webpage has	https://www.timm.com/cast hethershields/		
withheld			
information that			

highlights the significant negative impact the project will cause. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)			
Neighbour is concerned that the issues log released in June 2023 is a complete misrepresentation of the issues and is concerned that it did not comply with official process. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24; Neighbour A: email 03/04/24)	The issues log has been a live document since the first engagement with stakeholders in July 2022. The final version, which will contain all issues raised to date, will be made available on the Public Register. Scottish Forestry also has access to all stakeholder correspondence for additional transparency.		
Neighbour is concerned by the naming of the landscape report as "Final Landscape Report" when they highlight that this was the first landscape report. (Neighbour A: email 21/02/24)	The landscape architect provided interim recommendations on a previous design. The final report was written on an updated design.		
Neighbour is unhappy with the final result of the landscape report and believes that it	The landscape architect visited the site and took particular note of viewpoints highlighted by neighbours. He has provided a professional assessment of the proposal.		

de e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
does not consider			
all issues faced by			
neighbours.			
(Neighbour A: email			
21/02/24;			
Neighbour A: email 03/04/24)			
Neighbour A notes	Tilhill is employed to represent the		
there has been no	landowner.		
contact from any	landowner.		
representative of			
the new landowner			
(Neighbour A: email			
03/04/24)			
Neighbour asks for	Neighbours will shortly receive a map		
evidence of changes	which will explain these changes once the		
made to design in	application is on the Public Register, where		
response to comments	the design will be available for all to		
(Neighbour A: email	comment.		
03/04/24).	- Commence		
Neighbour A states	All surveys and the issues log are available		
that Tilhill's	on our website to increase transparency		
consultation	and engagement with the application		
webpage is a 'clear	process.		
attempt to seek			
support of the			
woodland proposal			
should be discarded			
and removed from			
the case history'			
because, 'the			
limited information			
misrepresents facts			
and misleads those			
and misicads those			

who access this			
information.'			
(Neighbour A: email			
03/04/24)			
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